

October 15, 1956 50 Cents

# AVIATION WEEK

A MCGRAW-HILL  
PUBLICATION

Army Displays  
Missile Arsenal



Navy Streamlines  
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Temco TT-1 Jet Trainer





American's Boeing 747 and Boeing's Douglas DC-10, scheduled to start service in 1970, are a major advance in aircraft design. Both are 200 feet long, with wingspans close to 200 feet. The 747 has a 250,000-lb. payload; the DC-10, 150,000 lb.

**aircraft of the future call for...**

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Great comes in various keys being used for improvement in aircraft design. That's why Douglas and Boeing have specified Kaylock self-locking nuts for the new Douglas DC-10 and Boeing 747 jetliner cockpits.

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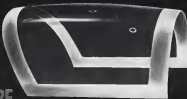
**CONVENTIONAL  
PLASTIC  
CANOPY**

formed of "in cast" sheet stock, after being subjected to gunfire while under a jet pressurization. Shattered canopy is shown reconstructed.



**GOODYEAR  
STRETCHED  
CANOPY**

fabricated by Monotherm Process, after being subjected to same gun fire stress it shows the results.



NEW CURE

## FOR OLD HEADACHES in a jet's headgear

Some time ago, the National Bureau of Standards uncovered a curious fact concerning the nature of acrylic plastic: stretch it under heat and its molecular molecules tend to lie down and flatten out, making the material much tougher.

To Goodyear Aircraft, this phenomenon seemed to be the clue to solving the long-standing problem of shattering-and cracking due to stresses and strains—in aircraft cockpit canopies.

But there was a hitch: Plastic has a "memory." Heat it once to stretch it—but heat it again to form it into the desired shape, and its molecules tend to fight their way back to their weaker original arrangement.

Goodyear Aircraft solved it by developing an extremely

MONOTHERM Process which achieves maximum stretch and simultaneously forms the plastic in a single operation.

Already, the weight savings and toughness resulting from this technique have stored defense agencies and leading plane producers to place contracts with Goodyear Aircraft specifying stretched canopies formed by the MONOTHERM Process.

It is another example of Goodyear Aircraft pioneering in plastics. The organization which first stretched a full-size canopy has once again set the pace for future progress in an important field. For information on these plastics facilities and capabilities, write:

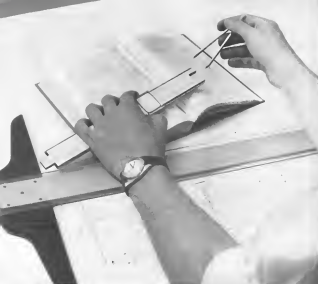
Goodyear Aircraft Corporation  
Dept. 501AY, Akron 15, Ohio

B-T-B-E-T-C-H-E-O PLASTICS by

**GOODYEAR AIRCRAFT**

Plants in Akron, Ohio, and Littlefield Park, Arizona

GOODYEAR AIRCRAFT CORPORATION, AKRON 15, OHIO



## What's most important in this picture?

Not the slide rule, though it's helpful. Nor the divider. Nor the logarithm table. It's the human hand, of course, because it is motivated by the long, strong arm of human intelligence. It belongs to the career engineer dedicated in his service to the Department of Defense.

His mind and his hand shorten the coupling between a need urgently expressed by the military and its translation by industry into reliable electronic equipment.

His experience contributes invaluable help at a critical stage in developing great new things in aviation electronics.

### In Aviation Electronics

FIRE CONTROL RADAR • SEARCH RADAR • INCHWORMS AND DISPLAY • COUNTERMEASURES • INNOVATION  
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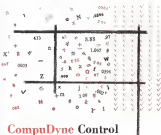
## AVIATION CALENDAR

- Oct. 21-29—Second Annual Worldwide Conference of USAF Flag with 1800 men, conducted by USAF Medical Safety Research, Keesler AFB, Hattiesburg, Miss.
- Oct. 18-Nov. 21—Start course for aerial operations, Ohio State University, in co-operation with Ohio Aeronautics Board, Ohio State University School of Aviation, Columbus, Ohio.
- Oct. 16—North Atlantic Aeronautics Development and Operations Conference, sponsored by N.Y. State Dept. of Commerce and N.Y. Aeronautics Trade Assn., Hotel Chancellors, New York.
- Oct. 16-Nov. 2—Joint Air Transportation Institute American University, Washington, D.C.
- Oct. 17-19—National Indiana Aeronautics Conference, sponsored by Indiana Aeronautics Trade Assn. and Indiana Airport OGI, Indianapolis, Ind.
- Oct. 19-25—Physics Engineering Institute, University Education Institute, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.
- Oct. 22-23—Fall Meeting, Assembly of the Radio Technical Commission for Aeronautics, Mount Royal and CNA Technical Development Center, Washington.
- Oct. 25-26—National Business Aircraft Assn. North Atlantic Meeting and Forum, McWilliams-Columbus Hotel, Miami, Fla.
- Oct. 25-26—Aviation Electrical Society Annual Equipment Display, Fort Belvoir, Ill.
- Oct. 24-26—Second Annual Technical Meeting, Institute of Radio Engineers, Radio and Group on Electronic Devices, Mount Royal, Washington, D.C.
- Oct. 20-26—Third Annual East Coast Conference on Aeronautical and Navigational Electronics, Fitch Research Assn., Baltimore, Md.
- Oct. 31-Nov. 2—1956 Annual Meeting and Exhibit, Society for Experimental Women Aeronauts, Doublet Hotel, Columbia, S.C.
- Nov. 1-3—1956 Anniversary National Time and Motion Study and Management Clinic, sponsored by Industrial Management Society, Executive House, Chicago.

AVIATION WEEK • OCTOBER 15, 1956  
Vol. 55, No. 16

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## ON AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH AND TEST FACILITIES



## CompuDyne Control

**Increases data output and validity**

CompuDyne Control Systems establish the controls necessary for valid automated test work... regulate the most serious process transients. Employing computer-dynamic techniques, they attain steady-state conditions... any, many or otherwise program variables... at higher speeds, with greater accuracy than ever before possible.

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INFORMATIVE NEW BULLETIN entitled, "VALID DATA... consistently produced by dynamic process control" will be sent to you upon request. Write or telephone.



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Every wolf would like to eat a porcupine. Few of them get around to it. What makes the porcupine's meal so good, of course, is the fact that he doesn't have to do any running. Wolves, by and large, are on-it-kew-pared, frustrated lot, while you almost never see a nervous porcupine. He figures it's cheaper to carry a quiver full of arrows than to get shots from being. There are predators of the sky, too, and helping keep them in a state of frustration is REPUBLIC'S job building THUNDER-CRAFT.



REPUBLIC AVIATION



FARMINGDALE, LONG ISLAND, N. Y.

*Designers and Builders of the Thompson* **THUNDER-CRAFT**



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C-133A, giant military helicopter transport now in production at Douglas Long Beach Division, features fibreglass laminate ducts under the engine cowls for greater aerodynamic and resistance to abrasion. Made in Douglas are shafts, using Dow Corning 2036 Resin and glass cloth, ducts with without 18 minute direct flame test.



These silicone-glass laminate ducts are vital components of the heating and air conditioning system of the C-130A. Thick, rugged, difficult and expensive to form in metal, one easily fabricated with a silicone-glass laminate. Note: Corroded section in photo at left is made of Bialastic®; Dow Corning's silicone rubber . . . it stays flexible at temperatures ranging from -100 to 500 F.

2008年 第1期 总第10期 第10页

**strong • lightweight**  
**heat stable • economical**

## silicone-glass laminates

made with DOW CORNING 2106 RESIN

Silicone-glass laminates made with Dow Corning 2106 Resin retain a higher strength-to-weight ratio at high temperatures than many light metals. Silicone-glass laminate ducts have the flexural strength to withstand jarring punishment, like serious engine backfiring, that can cause stainless steel ducts to split. Moreover, large or complicated shapes are easily and more economically molded with silicone-glass laminates. Simple plaster forms replace expensive dies and molds normally required for fabricating metal parts.

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typical properties  
of silicone-glass laminates

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**Neural Strength—**

50,000 psi at 77°F.  
45,000 psi at 77°F after 100 hours at 300°F.  
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Thermal conductivity = 1.10 btu/hour/square foot/  
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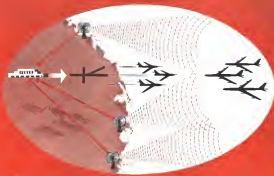
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**Author's address:**

first in  
silence

**DOW CORNING CORPORATION, Midland, Michigan**

본 연구는 2014년 12월 1일부터 2015년 11월 30일까지 1년간 서울, 부산, 대구, 광주, 대전, 울산, 인천, 수원, 성남, 고양, 안양, 의정부, 청주, 대전, 세종, 충북, 강원, 경북, 경남, 전북, 전남, 제주 등 전국 21개 시도에서 실시된 2014년 제1회 전국동시지방선거를 대상으로 하였다. 이 시기는 2014년 12월 1일부터 2015년 11월 30일까지 1년간 실시된 제1회 전국동시지방선거를 대상으로 하였다. 이 시기는 2014년 12월 1일부터 2015년 11월 30일까지 1년간 실시된 제1회 전국동시지방선거를 대상으로 하였다.



# SAGE

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**speeds security ...  
with the help  
of Burroughs  
computation**

Briefly, SAGE does this: employs radar and electronic signal computers to detect and identify approaching enemy aircraft, determines appropriate defensive measures such as antiaircraft weapons, missiles, or intercepting planes; guides missiles and interceptors to the target and then returns planes to their home base.

Burroughs has the SAGE job of helping to speed the correlation and translation of warning data through automatic computation. This entails research, development, prototype design and engineering, production, installation, training and field maintenance.

Here is just one of many significant Burroughs contributions to defense in the areas of instrumentation, control systems, communications, electronic computers, data processing. And on the basis of our proved skills, facilities and experience, we welcome further inquiries regarding defense contracts. Call, write or visit Burroughs Corporation, Detroit 32, Mich.

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The Telford Company, Inc., Rochester, N. Y.

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The Foremost Name  
in Computation



Looking for future expansion, Burroughs invites inquiries from qualified engineers



Shown along the bottom of the B-47 bomb bay door, one of the new, white Teflon covered silicone rubber seals developed by CHR.

## THIS BOMB BAY DOOR SEAL COMES HOME

Modifications of the B-47 start include this new bomb bay door seal. In this seal, developed and produced by CHR, a heavy Teflon film is securely bonded to white silicone rubber in the same cross-section and lengths as the original organic rubber seal.

Result of the new construction—a temperature range of -100°F to 500°F—a slick surface that sheds snow and ice—an effective seal against moisture. More important, this new seal costs less time and again after being buffeted severely when the doors are opened and closed in high speed flight.

The Teflon film adds roughness to the seal. Its slippery surface allows the mating seals to slide together readily instead of binding and cracking.

CHR Teflon covered seals are being used in other places where sliding action or resistance to fuel and synthetic lubricants are required.

Our experience in helping designers with aerodynamic, body, canopy and hatch seals utilizing all forms of silicone rubber and reinforcing fabrics or Teflon can be put to work to help you.

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coated fabrics • silicone rubber products



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LOS ANGELES • ST. LOUIS • SEATTLE

# New simplified approach to temperature control has superior reliability

## Edison Reverses Trend Toward Complexity In Aircraft Accessory Systems

Proven in service on the Douglas C-124 Globemaster, the Convair 440 wing F-102, the Boeing B-50 and many other operational aircraft, the Edison simplified temperature control now reverses the trend toward complexity in aircraft accessory systems.

Compact and lightweight, this highly reliable temperature control uses only standard electro-mechanical components—no electronic equipment. Its design simplicity eliminates costly maintenance training. The instrument's checkout procedure is faster to any electronic.

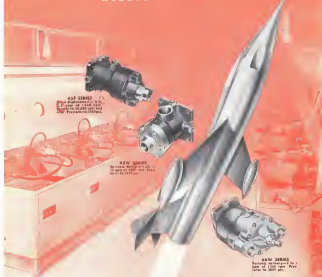
This basic control teams up with the rugged Edison Fire Detector Cable or with any of Edison's accurate Resistance Temperature Detectors to warn of fire in engines and baggage areas or to signal dangerous temperatures in bearings, heating ducts or oil lines. Simultaneous or selective temperature indication is obtained on all overhead ducting systems using RTDs.

Edison field engineers with years of aircraft experience are located in Ft. Worth, Dayton, Glendale, Chicago and West Orange. They will gladly analyze your temperature control problems and recommend action. Just write any of these offices and let us know your requirements.

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Here is just another example of the ability and versatility of

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RENDER ELEVATION CORPORATION  
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### Getting specific about gravity I

Falling apples fascinated Sir Isaac Newton. No doubt he enjoyed a few of them while devising his famous gravitational formulae. Newton's concern was with what came down, whereas visionaries registers today are primarily concerned with what goes up. Even so, the gravitational challenge is the same.

A jet plane, intercontinental missile—or anything that moves—usually leaves the design stage too heavy for optimum performance. To be specific—the specific gravity of the material of construction is too high.

Now, with TitanSign, the design engineer can sign

tance the strength of alloy steel is hardly more than half the weight. What's more, Titanium is unaffected by most corrosives . . . and is impervious to the deadly attack of sea water and marine atmosphere. Its coefficient of expansion is low . . . and it can withstand long-time operating temperatures as high as 1000°F.

All types of Titanium mill products, from flat to seamless tubing, are made by TMCA. With production going up and prices going down, now is a good time to design with Titanium. Technical literature on Titanium is available now by asking.

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# PLANE FAX

by STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA



## 300-mile flight wins \$1,000,000 job

Four hours before the deadline for placing bids on a million-dollar Nevada State road construction job, A. D. "Andy" Drennon Jr. took off from his home airport at Fallon, Nevada. In 3½ hours he had covered 300 miles. Even more the future road site to estimate the work involved, landed at Carson City and plumed the low bid.

"Range, low-level flying, frequent take-offs from gravel strips, steep climbs in hot weather—we do it all," says Mr. Drennon, who is owner of the Silver State Construction Company. "But in several thousand hours in the air, we've

never had any engine trouble, using RPM Aviation Oils. In fact, we usually put 1000 hours on a plane with only regular maintenance, then trade it in while it's still in top condition. When we do overhaul an engine, we're always found RPM has kept it clean and held wear very low.

This lets us get full power from Chevrons Aviation Gasoline right up to trade-in time. Even on our rough, short strips it gets our 180-horsepower and AT-6's upstarts with plenty of room to spare. Means cut for economy on training, too. It's the best fact we've ever found."

### TIP OF THE MONTH

With so much flying in Nevada's hottest air, Mr. Drennon's planes are equipped with G meters. His advice—also, when when jumps registers plus 2 or minus 1 G's or whenever gets really rough.



We take better care  
of your plane

SALES AND SERVICE STATIONS IN ALL 48 STATES

## WHITTAKER GYROS

100% INSPECTION TESTS MEAN ACCURACY AND DEPENDABILITY

Designed by engineers and built by technicians who have worked together for more than a decade, Whittaker Gyros offer unsurpassed performance.

Stainless steel construction (including gimbals), meticulous care, continuous testing of components and assemblies, plus 100% inspection tests of components, have resulted in an overall customer rejection of less than 2%—month after month.

### TYPE 6120 RATE GYRO UNIT



The 6120 type indication is basically a single degree of freedom gyro with pointing or follow-up or closed control action on each gun clamping and firing indicator. The gyro may be furnished either mechanically sealed or with a removable dual-port cover.

The 6120 series rate gyro is available with the following methods of indication:

- |                  |                       |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Potentiometer | 3. Commutator         |
| 2. Microscope    | 4. Switching Contacts |

### TYPE 6125 SLAVED VERTICAL GYRO UNIT



The 6125 type vertical gyro is basically a two degree of freedom gimbal system incorporating an electric or direct current powered gyro and an electrical primary control mechanism system. The primary control is provided in a maximum of 10 degrees of error and error signals.

The gyro may be furnished with either a mechanically sealed or removable dual-port cover.

The gyro is depicted with accurate glass window lensing but can be furnished with any available window construction.

The 6125 series gyro is available with the following methods of indication:

- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| OUTER GIMBAL:    | INNER GIMBAL:    |
| 1. Potentiometer | 1. Potentiometer |
| 2. Commutator    | 2. Commutator    |
| 3. Switches      | 3. Switches      |
| 4. Resistor      |                  |



### TYPE 6125 3-AXIS FLUORESCENT GYRO

The 6125 type gyro consists basically of two two degree of freedom gimbal systems incorporating alternating or direct current powered gyros, a fluorescent power output coupling and amplifying system is provided.

The two gyros are mounted in a single frame in such a manner that optical indication is obtained about their mutually perpendicular rates.



### TYPE 6125 3-AXIS GYRO UNIT

The 6125 type three gyro is basically a two degree of freedom gimbal system incorporating an alternating or direct current gyro rate gyro and a manual or electric power output system.

The gyro may be furnished with either a mechanically sealed or removable dual-port cover.

The 6125 series gyro is available with the following methods of indication:

- |                       |                       |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| OUTER GIMBAL:         | INNER GIMBAL:         |
| 1. Potentiometer      | 1. Potentiometer      |
| 2. Commutator         | 2. Commutator         |
| 3. Switching Contacts | 3. Switching Contacts |
| 4. Resistor           |                       |



### TYPE 6125 ELECTRIC SERVO

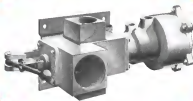


The 6125 type servo consists of an output shaft and an electric drive through a gyro rate gyro for a direct current motor. The torque arm is controlled by a system of wires and one electrical switch on which provide two clockwise and counter-clockwise rotation within predetermined limits and provides freedom of the entire package.

This servo is designed to indicate on sight control surfaces upon receipt of an external command signal. Electrical connections for motor and command signals are provided through an all-gyro receptacle.

**Whittaker Gyro**

DIVISION OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION  
VAN NUYS, CALIFORNIA • STANLEY 7-8833



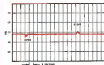
FUEL PRESSURE REGULATOR, VENTURI COMPENSATOR

## designed tested and built

to meet another difficult

fueling problem

Shown here is the newest in a line of SCHULZ designed pressure regulators. This model maintains fuel line pressure at 50 psi  $\pm$  5 psi over a flow range of 0 to 900 gallons per minute. A venturi located in the fuel line transmits pressure signals to the regulator. These signals govern the speed of a hydraulically operated fuel pump by controlling the flow of hydraulic fluid. A port on the regulator cover shown here indicates that the regulator response time is less than 1/6 second. If you have problems in the highly specialized field of aircraft fueling control, our engineers can help you.



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## Mach 5 Speeds Press NACA for Answers 36

► Test techniques also sought for extreme high altitudes, low speed regimes remains factor.

## Jet-Age Reins Assigned to Douglas DD-7 36

► Airframe which bought DC-7 as interim aircraft say performance, appeal, extend life expectancy

## Army Shows Missiles Redstone Near Field Use 36

► Demonstration also includes Dart, Honest John, Little John, Corporal, Nike, Loonies is described.

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## European Production Pool

Not long ago we spent part of an extensive latest afternoon with Georges Glaser, 49 year old president of the French Sud Ouest Aviation Inc., in his Paris office. Mr. Glaser is an engineer by profession, a graduate of the famous French Ecole Polytechnique and served during World War II as a military engineer. Now in addition to running an organization of 8,000 workers in five business building jet bombers and helicopters and rocket-powered interceptors, he also is president of the French Aircraft Industries Association. In this latter capacity Mr. Glaser has some interesting proposals for the future of the aircraft industry in Europe.

Like so much current debate thinking on European problems, Mr. Glaser's proposals are at minimum the economic restrictions of national political boundaries and phrasing on a broad continental basis for the entire West European economy. As a major proponent in his plan for the future of aircraft manufacturing Mr. Glaser believes it is time the United States and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization recognize the fact that the European aircraft industry has accepted from its post-war slump and is now fully capable of producing but has military equipment specifically designed to meet European defense needs. Recognizing the need for the United States to fill the post-war gap with its own aircraft since under this military aid program and the provisions of this policy, Mr. Glaser believes a basic proposal of this policy, in light of Europe's current technical capacity, economic problems and defense requirements, is urgently needed.

## Tailored to NATO

Mr. Glaser turns us on to the line of military aircraft threatened from U.S. plans and the beginning of a policy aimed at enabling the European aircraft industry to develop a strong research and development program backed by sufficient production in types of equipment that are tailored specifically to NATO defense requirements and are not duplicating American areas of activity such as the heavy transport and bomber fields.

Mr. Glaser recognizes that European air defense requirements are not large enough to keep all the aircraft firms in Europe busy building their own designs for their own countries. To solve this problem Mr.

Glaser believes a cohesive European aircraft production pool is necessary to supply all NATO countries with standard equipment.

Competition would be confined to the area of technical development and design. Once the best design was chosen, its production should be sub-contracted among European firms who have the capacity to build its components regardless of nationalities, Mr. Glaser believes. He points out that this has already worked well in several cases such as the Mystere fighter which was designed by Dassault and now has major sub-assemblies built by Sud Est and Sud Ouest in addition to the deepwing fuselage. On its Venture light bomber Sud Ouest has arranged major subcontract with a Belgian firm.

## Design Competition

In the current NATO lightweight attack plane competition the three competitors—Dassault, Breguet and Fiat—have agreed to pool the production regardless of which one wins the design competition. Mr. Glaser suggests that this type of operation could be extended to the rising West German aircraft industry.

In following this plan Mr. Glaser believes it will be possible for each firm to maintain a strong and continuous line of technical development without the time losses now incurred when loss of a technical competition means reduced production and employment cutbacks.

In answer to a question on the vulnerability of the European aircraft industry in contrast to overseas manufacturing, Mr. Glaser pointed out that the Europeans would be building primarily for the NATO force in being which is designed to act as a deterrent to any aggression from the East. Any contribution it made to this force in being would be valuable regardless of what happened after the outbreak of a major nuclear war.

There is no question that the United States military aid program cannot continue indefinitely in the same manner and scope that it has operated during the post-war decade. The American taxpayers will welcome any plan that allows some relief from the crushing military expenditure load they are now carrying. We think Mr. Glaser's proposal deserves careful study in the councils of NATO and the parliaments when NATO policy is formulated.

—Robert Hottel

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# Mach 5 Speeds Press NACA for Answers

Test techniques also sought for extreme high altitudes; low speed regime remains factor.

Langley AFB—Need for knowledge of aerodynamic, structural and propulsion performance at speeds above Mach 5 will eventually high altitude is spurring the development by the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics of new test techniques and analytical approaches.

Aerodynamic heating, demonstrating the insubstantial problem of hypersonic flight, accounts for a major portion of NACA's research activity. Research efforts will keep after the problems at the low speed end of the flight regime that "refuse to be solved."

During its Tenth Annual Inspection of the Langley Aeronautical Laboratories, late NACA showed these specific development needs:

- Four-stage hypersonic radio-powered test vehicle that has reached speeds in excess of Mach 10 carrying instrumentation payloads to study aerodynamic problems.

- Two supersonic tunnels, new step in retreating test program for aerodynamics, which cover the speed range from Mach 1.5 to 5, and can simulate Mach 2.5 flight in Mach 5 conditions at 70,000 ft.

- Ceramic heat exchangers to store the tremendous amounts of energy needed to drive a small jet simulating hypersonic flight conditions on test models.

- Flight simulator that duplicates the vertical control and pitching of almost any conceivable future airplane with typical characteristics of a long period oscillation and very low damping.

- High-powered jet engines, capable with good simulated engine outputs, planned for the first generation of American jet transports, and showing takeoff and landing distance reductions approaching 50%.

- Landing, high dynamic test facility driven by an engaging jet of water over a concrete runway surface; to cut subject an unrefueled landing gear to complete tests characterized in minutes as rough landings.

- New high jet for simulating Mach 3 flight at high altitudes with a test section 5162 ft. long under construction and expected to be ready for test program next in 1977.

**Aerodynamic Heating**

More than 1,600 engineers and scientists from industry rushed this month earlier during the three days devoted to the presentation.

A blueprint was come placed to manufacturers, needed to invent new flows and melted into a blast model

with. The leading edge of a wing section made his could not the minute went violently out of control. These two graphic illustrations, taken in color motion pictures by NACA, underscored one problem of aerodynamic heating.

Most of the NACA work on the subject is devoted toward providing design data for true heat shields, the ICRM and the assumed hypersonic glider that could be a long-range bomber or cruise. Each of these weapons will be subjected to various heating during flight to the target and must be designed to hold together for the life of the mission.

There are, however, each. Heating at the nose cone of the ICRM will be intense for a short time on the hypersonic glider, it will be less intense, but for a longer time, as it moves instead of remains. Heat inputs to the nose cone will be about 3,000 btu sq. ft. / sec. on the glider; the heat input will be only one-tenth of that on the leading edge and one-fourth less density of air at the wing surface.

NACA studies show that the leading edge heating can be reduced by increasing the angle of wing sweepback, a 60-deg. delta wing would only heat about half the heat input of a straight wing aircraft.

It's a long step from calculations of these temperatures to their actualization in air flight or model tests. NACA is developing a whole series of test techniques aimed at getting design data from tests and followed models of aircraft and missiles.

Loss of the D-15, has been a high blow to the ballistic heating research program NACA and the program will eventually be slowed down. The N-18 and N-16 will not be able to fill the gap, but are still able to make substantial contributions to the overall program.

Multi-stage rocket vehicles, flows

from the Phoenix Airport Research Station at Wallops Island, Va., last year went into the air. One four-stage vehicle was the third stage rocket for a first stage, a Nike booster for the second, a Nike booster rocket for the third and a Nike booster for the fourth stage, which is also the reentry vehicle. Another four stage rocket using two Nike boosters for first and second stages reached a speed of Mach 10.4 at an altitude of 14,000 ft., and eventually reached to a peak altitude of 300 mi.

Among the test vehicles flown has been one with a number of metric probes projecting outside the calculated boundary layer to check heat transfer at selected points on the vehicle.

New kind of a trajectory called over-the-top by NACA has been tried to simulate reentry of an ICRM four-stage vehicle as used in these tests, but only two stages are fired during the reentry to simulate the actual leg of the flight path. The first two stages are fired, producing the highest speeds at the lower altitudes near the earth's surface. A series of test jet test runs has been developed to simulate hypersonic heating on small scale models. Among them are:

- Ceramic heat exchangers which store as above 4,000 ft. / sec. a jet of air at that temperature over a heat model at 1,500 mph. Jet diameter is about three-quarters of an inch, the unit was a pilot model to check the feasibility of the idea. This success has led NACA to start work on a larger version.

- Radiative jet in which the model is placed in the blast of the exhaust from a combustion chamber leaving only heat in air at high temperature and pressure. A 12-in. diameter jet produces temperatures of 3,600-4,000 and speeds of about 3,000 mph.

- Rocket jet which can subject a model to a 5,000 gph blast of air at 4,300 ft. / sec.

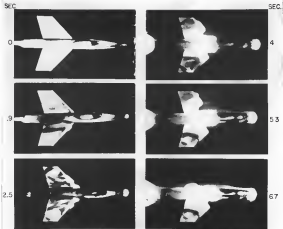
**Heat Structure Research**

Information on objectives of the type of aerodynamic heating that will affect aircraft and short-range missiles is sought below Mach 5 is done at Langley with:

- Equipment incorporating indirect heat sources for study of basic structural heating problems.

- Facilities in which tests actual aerodynamic heating and testing at specific elevations can be simulated.

- Radiative jet which radiates the electric carbide rod which will heat to 4700° and produce the heating rates up to 100 btu per sq. ft. / sec. that a missile being accelerated rapidly to



WINGS AND NOSE of slender steel model in simulated 4,500 mph, 50,000 ft. flight begin to glow (top left). Near ends, glow blazes, wings melt. Fourth landing glow, wings disintegrate. Steel maximum rocket did not glow through 4.5 in. upstream nozzle in test. Disintegration was advanced because of small model wing wing 2.5 in. wing thickness one-eighth inch thick.

Mach 5 at low altitude would encounter. Advantage is a simple type of heating, disadvantage is that the heat input cannot be varied easily as it would be in flight.

Variable heating is produced by means of quartz tube heat lamps which can be arranged in banks to surround any part of test object, and heated and cooled very rapidly. There can be used to study the difference in thermal expansion between an aircraft's skin and its structure as to heat a wing on a conventional. In one demonstration, a wing structure was heated at 5000° on its underside and 2000° on top as it would be in the path of a missile. Heat caused a downward deflection of several inches at the wing tip but the wing survived its second shape after cooling. Quartz tube heating can be done at the same time that disintegrated loads are being applied to test the combined effect on a structure.

To meet the need for a much larger expansion heating test than Langley has, a new supersonic blow down tunnel is under construction. It will be ready next year.

Test range will be Mach 2.5 and the test section will be 51 ft. x 6 ft. as sized at 7,000 psi will be subjected to a heat accumulator holding 600,000 lb. of stainless steel slugging and fed by an oil fired burner.

**STOL, VTOL Research**

Unfamiliar in the test section will have varying the angle of attack, which is thus a full wing structure loads. Extreme threat of the heated air after it passes the test section will be 750-800 ft. the equivalent of about one million gph hypersonic. Duration of the jet will be 15 sec. and the jet will be elevated over a runway nose where there is no take take, take.

Another studies of one jet engine mounted flap technique, indicates that takeoff distances for large transports can be cut from 4,500 to 4,000 ft., landing distances from 7,000 to 3,700 ft., and landing speeds from 115 to 80 mph.

NACA says the possible gains "are so great as to warrant further serious study."

Early studies did not take into account the weight penalties caused by effects on stability and control but NACA and work in these areas "will be successful."

The technique is to do the flow from potted jet engines—such as those planned for transports now just the mock-up stage—against a test section trailing edge flap.

Second techniques—which produce slightly smaller gains but increase weight and structural penalties over those—will be use of small high thrust-



LOCKHEED F-104 (left) tested in unique flow all wing. Model (right) is used for low-speed stability test of high speed aircraft.



SCALE model of Bell X-3 (above) is mounted in unique flow apparatus wall tunnel for calibration tests. Landing gear (below, left) is mounted on test carriage at Landing Length York. Strapping model (right) is used for high lift test device.



wing into engine inside the wing. Exhaust would flow through slots at the leading edge producing a series, full span flow of air.

NACA also is investigating three types of jet powered vertical takeoff aircraft—full lifters like the Ryan X-13, and horizontal takeoff types in which lift thrust is deflected downward through a cascade of vanes or by rotation of the engine.

Electrically controlled dynamic models powered by hydrogen peroxide rocket motors ranging in thrust from 6 to 60 lbs., are used in the VTOL experiments.

One new facility for use with the models consists of a standard hovering engine, electrically mounted on a circular conical support and sheltered by hoods to prevent unwanted wind effects. A model is tethered horizontally and allowed to fly in a circle around the engine mountings. The engine rotates at exactly the same speed as the model, with its hoods constantly holding a shock wave, wave leading downward to the model.

Top speed of a model tethered to the engine with a 70 lb. was 70 mph. At that speed the engine's rotation is 20 rpm, giving a 65 ft. sec. the model can be flown at 100 mph.

Engines will soon put into operation still another new VTOL/STOL testing facility—a specially instrumented truck using a utility suspension hoist and carrying "pilots" who are control roll, pitch and yaw electrically.

#### Velocity Wind Tunnel

Lanier's newest engine plan wind tunnel is capable of simulating conditions that a 40 ft. model would encounter at Mach 5 and 70,000 ft., or the conditions a lighter aircraft model find at a speed above Mach 2 and the same altitude.

The 34.51 section (installation) has been in operation since August. It includes two sliding block, unique supersonic test cells, with test sections measuring 46 ft. One half is the stage from Mach 1.5 to 2.5, the other from Mach 2.5 to Mach 5.

High on the priority list for study with this tunnel is the decrease in directional stability that occurs as speed increases—a major problem in super sonic flight design.

Conventional lifting surfaces at high speeds may lose effectiveness to the point that positive directional stability becomes unacceptably low. The variable speed tunnel can determine just what at what point the stability of a particular design begins to decrease, but the point at which it becomes too critical to accept.

A 100,000 hp electric drive serves both sections, so only one can be used at a time—but it is possible to a special timing arrangement to shift the flow



#### F-104's Supersonic Wedges

Second and eighth production Lockheed F-104s have engine intake wedges. Wedges are used to create shock waves to get to intake engine at speeds above Mach 1.4 (AWP April 28, p. 34). Speed of 178 powered fighters exceeds Mach 1.5.

at air it will from one section to the other without shutting down the fuel flow.

Shops are now mounted on a movable horizontal sled which allows both vertical and horizontal tilting.

NACA is investigating use of vertical flow, use of wedge type models for fuel sections, and changes in fuel location in its directional stability studies.

#### Piloting Problems

NACA is investigating use of conventional weapons for high speed, high altitude aircraft and mounted missiles are tested in problems created by dispersion rate of atmospheric flow as well as atmospheric pressure disturbance between top and bottom of the speed state and changing aerodynamics of high Mach numbers. Problems are that:

- Low dynamic pressure in atmosphere above 100,000 ft. creates dangerous high angles of attack for even small load factor maneuvers.
- Best shapes for high supersonic flight are poor performers in low speed regime of takeoff and landing.
- Large inertia and reduced control efforts cause result from greater strength requirements and complexity and necessity of designing the high speed regime.
- Stability varies with Mach number.
- A configuration with good aerodynamic damping at subsonic speeds develops poor damping at the other side of Mach 1. Period of oscillation decreases

to a point lower than period of pilot reflexes. Normal pilot response may even lead amplitude of oscillation.

• Stability in rolling maneuvers depends on wings got thinner, shorter and more concentrated near fuselage centerline.

• Aerodynamic controls at altitudes outside the atmosphere are useless and self-contained power is needed to exert any control force.

Visible pressure waves have been studied as a means of suggesting control.

Efforts to cope with undamped yaw and pitch at high Mach numbers are based on manual control of rate and attitude, zero stability augmentation system. Aircraft, no half target as transient building now much improved by system as studies using 170 2 test plane. NACA's test pilots have reported that some attention can be devoted from control of plane to tactical problems. Brief, non-act mounted control stick has been used in both of command control. Pilots prefer it to big floor mounted yoke.

Landing problems are simulated on ground by a cockpit section attached in a high speed elevator in the middle of a movable, full-scale wind tunnel. Pilot's task is to control projected nose down air recovery and full target. As stability simulation leads analogical after into elevator motion to compensate for problems. Simulation is limited to 100

load plane. Programmer can simulate stability characteristics of current types, manual hypersonic rocket (glider or ballistic vehicles).

Stability prediction in space differs from that in atmosphere in that period of oscillation is longer. Aero dynamic correction is impossible. NASA's Langley Aeronautical Laboratory has used "lost cases" simulation to its net control by pressure jet reaction. Smooth control is difficult. Command control stability suggests two areas still probably to be used.

#### Dynamic Loads Research

NACA research on fatigue failure due to tension occurring loads has suggested from small amplitude, sinusoidal loading leads to long term behavior from cycling of small structures.

NACA studies indicate that most severe to damage by aerodynamic loads depends upon the relationship between the weight of the skin and the weight of supporting structure. In experimental studies an aircraft structure skin with spot welded stiffeners failed after a few minutes of intense aerodynamic tension. A difference failed in about an hour. This classical low frequency, sinusoidal stress survival seven hours of similar treatment before the test stop.

Cost loads upon aircraft structure can be reduced greatly by using techniques exploited in Langley. Extension of uniform deflection bends wing can reduce slope of lift curve by 15-30% and decrease corner loads. Reduced slope lifts part of airloads. Reduction of deflection increases lift to damp vibrations.

By determining a number of generalized criteria, NACA has learned that as tension is applied of wing sections, increased danger of explosive failure of structural skins.

NACA better studies show that magnitude of initial disturbance is critical to start flutter in some cases can be reduced and damping can be increased by means of that material large moment in light.

Aeroelastic bending has been found to be an important factor in vulnerability to flutter. Flutter resistance of structural surface can be well of the surface in unsteady flow or cold. But sharp leading and trailing edges concentrate heat, forcing the center of the radiator cold. Resulting stresses out between stiffness and jet surface, rather than jet surface, rather than jet surface to short under. If the surface surface flutter it will damp out as heat tends to equilibrium.

#### Leading Load Test

Langley is now using a unique facility called the leading load track to define into the complex problems of leading

edge spin-up in high speed flows load conditions. Facility consists of a 30 ton carriage supported down a 2,200-ton run way, up to 600 ft by a blast of water. Water is stored under 3,500 psi pressure and directed against bucket on carriage for several seconds during firing. The "launcher" is capable of accelerating the carriage to speeds of 150 mph within 400 ft and 15 sec; the jet produces a thrust of 400,000 lb.

#### Interference

A 20-ton loading truck test rig is being used to evaluate the carriage is supported by 20 standard Navy aircraft gear positions, each capable of absorbing five engine test pounds of stress. The test track now simulates the change for ship loading of ball operations.

Interaction of flow fields in aerospace flight produces aerodynamic effects that can make or break an airplane design. In one case, a 1,000-lb external store pylon mounted under the wing of a supersonic airplane caused a load load of half its weight as the pylon did in interference.

Extensive NACA studies in wind tunnels on the interference problems, drawing on a background of at least two decades of subsonic work, have shown that there are three basic considerations:

- It is not always detrimental to airplane performance and new sometimes help overall aerodynamics.
- There is no single solution, each design is a separate compromise.

## One Orbit Out of Twelve "Good" Satellite Average, Martin Says

By James Dooly

New York—As many as a dozen Vanguard satellites probably will be fired during the 1977 US International Geophysical Year effort to achieve as orbit although prime contractor Glenn L. Martin Co. has a fine contract for each one.

Michael Winter, Martin's satellite program manager for Project Vanguard, downed the satellite work in the atmosphere of infrared spectroscopy last week before a New York Air National Command Reserve Unit meeting.

"We'll consider it a good betting average if you can get one to orbit out of the dozen," Winter told the air national officers.

Winter said that for the program was an excellent test bed for both needs have encountered years ago as they occurred. These include placement of certain types of components such as sensor components. One of the toughest jobs has been preparation of the detector test facilities at Cape Canaveral, Patrick AFB, Fla., from where the earth orbit will be launched.

He indicated that test flights will be made, or more, if they are necessary. These are expected to start next month. At least two will be successful Vanguard models and the third will be an aerodynamic prototype of the Vanguard satellite. Winter said it will not be an initial vehicle (AW Sept. 24, p. 26).

Winter emphasized that the Vanguard program was one of experiment, and in such was bound to experience some failure. "We're taking the trial of Gullies and Caribbees," he said. "We're measuring the unknown of inter atmosphere and space. We're

trying to find out about radiation, infrared and radio waves, dusts, ionospheric waves and composition, space dust and magnetic particles, thickness of the earth's crust, distance between points on the surface, and a hundred other things. It's a big job."

Typically, the vehicle is to be launched vertically 110 ft high in a launch rail of orbit somewhere between 700 and 400 mi at a speed of 15,000 mph. The first stage is supposed to cut off at 30 to 40 sec altitude at 3,900 mph, the second at 150 mi altitude and 11,000 mph. Then it is supposed to coast to 100 mi altitude, where the third stage will fire the satellite on its 15,000 mph, spinning trajectory.

Vanguard will be used between 5 and 10 deg to just optimum velocity from the earth's rotation. Winter found this will add about 1,000 mph to Vanguard's speed.

#### Information Relayed

Martin has the basic design upon ability. Subcontractors have been awarded to General Electric for the ion stage propulsion unit and to Analytical General for the launch stage. Third stage is under development at Guid Control Rocket Co. and Allgervy Bellman Laboratories.

As Winter put it, Martin was awarded the prime contract because it had previous experience with its Vanguard high altitude rocket vehicle. "We didn't have to compete for the job," he said, "it was handed to us."

As the satellite orbits, it will relay information to several earth-based tracking stations, including the 75th Meadfield. Within 28 min after the satellite has passed in its orbit, information

will be relayed from the Meadfield installations to a control data computing station at Washington, D. C.

However, data acquisition (transit) will be utilized to provide supplemental data. "With about \$1,600," Winter said, "satellite can get enough radio communications together on a 20-ft-yards' band to receive the signals from the satellite."

#### 200-400 Mile Altitude

Winter and Martin engineers hope to attain an altitude of 200 to 400 mi for the Vanguard of between 200 and 400 mi altitude, but this, as "allowing themselves as much as 1,000 mi, tolerance."

He estimated a 180 mi. per hour (low point) and 1,200 mi. per hour (high point) would be sufficient.

"The more the satellite dips into the atmosphere, the less will be its life span," Winter said. "If the vehicle starts to orbit below 100 mi, the satellite may go around the another pass. If it hits as high as 200 mi, the time can be two, three or four weeks."

He estimated in single use while the difference between achieving an orbit or a ballistic.

#### Nuclear Energy

Winter said that if a good shot is obtained in orbit at about 100 mi—figure should be a very interesting before the satellite starts coasting.

"A lot," he said, "depends upon what it runs into and three-space dust, energy, particle interaction, etc."

Other points that were brought out in Winter:

- Nuclear energy powered satellites could be a possibility with two years.
- During ICV, several other rockets will be in the Atlantic and Viking will be fired from launch sites across the earth to be in with the satellite program.

## Australian Production Of Sabre-Avons Cat

Melbourne—Production of Sabre-Avons fighters by Commonwealth Aircraft Corp., Melbourne, has been slowed to two planes a month because production was three planes a month and a space of loss to fire had been prevented.

About 1,000 employees have been dismissed, and it is feared another 1,000 will involve active loss because of the lack of demand. An effort is being made to keep staff personnel on the payroll.

Commonwealth, which has delivered 39 of the Sabre-Avons to the Royal Australian Air Force, still hopes to manufacture under license Lockheed F104 fighters for the RAAF.

## Vertol, Northrop Discuss Merger; Berlin May Head Combined Firm

Moscow, Pa.—Don H. Berlin, president of Vertol Aircraft Corp., predicts will become operational head of a new major aircraft industry combination if current merger negotiations with Northrop Aircraft Inc. are successful.

Berlin announced last week that Vertol's directors have asked the management to proceed with discussions in the face of a Northrop offer in exchange two shares of stock for each share of Vertol stock after a 1970 dividend payable Oct. 25.

Referenced merger as this would give the Lancaster 50 Rockwell's systems, largest Vertol stockholder, about 16% of the new company. Approximately another 10% would pass to Frank N. Pavesio, founder of Vertol and now president of Project Group.

Both Northrop and Vertol would avoid gross increases in assets of a pending merger was discussed last week. The Hawthorne, Calif. firm, developer of the C-241 Hawk, and Rockwell's assets, such as its shares only up on the New York Stock Exchange to \$241. Before the announcement of merger discussions, the going price was \$216.

Vertol shares sold over the counter, at one point went into the \$50 range. Previously, it had sold for approximately \$45. Vertol has 471,491 shares outstanding and Northrop has 1,844,000. Berlin predicted that Vertol's growth could be accelerated through combining with a large manufacturer such as Northrop. The activities of both companies, he said, complement each other.

Vertol, formerly Pavesio Helicopter Corp., is the largest independent manufacturer of helicopters. It received its present name last year when Vertol Pacific was created as chairman and a member of the board in a better way with Berlin and the Rockwell's management interests. Pavesio, in this case, is known to agree with the merger's stockholders that a merger with Northrop would be favorable.

Northrop, manufacturer of the F-39 Scorpion, had sales last year of more than \$235 million and expects the figure to be \$230 million this year. The company's backlog is about \$228 million.

Vertol's 1975 sales were \$171 million, and the company's backlog is reported to be in the neighborhood of \$140 million.

Whether C. Callahan, Northrop president, said he believes a merger of the two firms would be entirely advantageous. Callahan and Berlin are known to have conferred with other executives and it is reported that the combination received some endorsement in some quarters.

Northrop, according to informed sources, probably intends to gain most from the merger. In addition to a stock interest in its activities by the Rockwell's organization, it will acquire Berlin's large production experience. Berlin came to Vertol in 1973 from McDonnell Aircraft Corp. and had previously worked for Curtiss-Wright and Douglas Aircraft Co. He is an engineering graduate of Purdue University.



Kaman Files Turbine Helicopter

Moscow Corp. Kaman BOK-1 helicopter. Used with Kaman's XT35 gas turbine engine after other school of tests at Roswell, Conn. Kaman said it is the first helicopter to be equipped with the engine and the first U.S. helicopter engine with a multi-developed specifically for helicopter application. USAF 30th, flight approval tests have begun. Wright Air Development Center sponsored and directed XT35 development.







### Northrop's Supersonic Trainer

Northrop Aircraft Co.'s supersonic trainer design enters two small, low frontal area before engine mounted in the tail. Drawing shows shallow depths of air rule fuselage which has narrow spread belly, low curve in wing root region. Streamlined flying tail has almost 2 deg. subsonic (AW Oct. 1, p. 28). Root vent is higher than front. Wing is low aspect ratio of 3.5:1 thickness.

## USAF Needs Direct Ground-Air Radio Communications to 7,500 Mi.

By Philip J. Klass

Once, N Y-A technology broke through in ground-air communications techniques in both needed to give the Air Force reliable, direct radio communications to its aircraft at distances up to 7,500 mi.

This challenge to the status quo is being met by Gen. Joseph Smith, commander of the Military Air Transport Service, in a paper given here during the second annual Symposium on Aeronautical Communications. Smith's paper was delivered by Col. Forrest W. Douglas, deputy commander of USAF's Airway and Air Communications Service (AAWCS), who appeared some of his own views.

Delicacies in ground-air communications have long been a headache for the Air Force, Douglas said, and that "I am amazed that there hasn't been a 'Forward Douglas' type accident."

To demonstrate the pressing need for reliability and direct radio contact between Strategic Air Command control centers and SAC bases, Douglas pointed out that if the international situation became particularly ugly, jet bombers might be deployed only in strike position.

It must be possible to trigger these bombers into action in a matter of seconds, if necessary," Douglas said.

To prevent accidents, urgent action against the new target SAC needs to get a first report on the effectiveness of its actual system. If the current system, present system is needed to call off further strikes, SAC also needs direct ground-air communications to get it to set up relaying centers on the short notice.

Although the present \$300 million (total USAF communications system is comparable to the best commercial systems), Douglas said, they are too slow to use in the future, leading to delays or possible failure.

### Coded Communications

SAC is willing to accept a coded transmission for its direct 7,500 mi. communications requirement. Such transmissions might consist of only a few coded numbers and letters which could be sent in a brief high frequency burst, though these transmissions would be infrequent.

However, the system must not suffer from the "Amesbury" effect, Douglas explained the symptoms.

Research in high frequency pulsed, single subcarrier, UHF extended (beyond the horizon) range and narrow band techniques show some progress, Douglas said, but added that no one knows for sure whether any of these will meet current USAF needs. "If anyone has a revolutionary approach which

allows development, General Smith would be personally interested in helping to arrange for a sound development contract," Douglas said.

### MATS Needs

MATS direct ground-air communications needs for its own operations are not quite as tough as those of SAC. MATS will settle for coded communications at distances up to 1,000 mi., with most required only up to 1,000 mi. The voice communications can be one person-by of speech chopped out, providing the result is still intelligible, Douglas said.

Optimum light path techniques, as pioneered by the Air Force, have enabled MATS to achieve a 10% gain in aircraft efficiency. However, the techniques require direct ground-air communications with all of its costs, and it is not possible to use direct communications in the same way.

Present oceanic traffic control problems stem from a lack of precise ground-air and ground-to-ground communications coupled with lack of a navigation system suitable for ground-air operations. The problem will become more serious in the future and MATS needs to improve and get, Douglas stated.

An "Idea" need for direct long-distance ground-air communications has become so pressing that it can not be studied any longer with conventional and sophisticated improvements. "The jet set requires only for some revolutionary techniques," Douglas concluded.

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## French Etendard IV Light Fighter

Etendard IV, Marcel Dassault's light tactical fighter in first flight photo (top), is capable of takeoff and landing at 1,500 ft. Powered by SNECMA M6B turbojet engine of 9,800 lb. thrust, it is expected to attain Mach 1 above 25,000 ft., 26 engine on time, lighter by a ton than Dassault's Mirage IV. Etendard IV is a reconfiguration of the Mirage 24 (AW, July 50, p. 25). Use of low-pressure turbine (40 psi) enables the Etendard IV to land on grass fields. Tail view (lower left) shows tail chute housing and all flying and landing flaps (right) with tail chute extended. Etendard IV shows dropped wing leading edge. In-flight housing is provided for 20 mm. cannon. The engine has thrust about 10 ft.



## News Digest

Bomb Aircraft Corp. delayed on schedule bid of more than 100 Bock built T-34A Moskos trainers to USAF. Work phase-out of 40-month T-34A program Bock will continue production of T-34A. Navy version, through October 1975.

Boeing Hunter T.M. 7 is over an aircraft now ordered by Royal Netherlands Air Force. Order for five, first from inventory, is expected to be supplemented by another Dutch order for ten.

Lockheed C-130A Hercules completed final phase of acceptance and suitability testing in project areas from the Air Force Operations Test center, Eglin Air Force Base, Fla. Tests will begin some of C-130A's ability to land and take off on short, unimproved fields.

Fifth production contract which amounts to more than \$100 million has been awarded to Lockheed Aircraft's Georgia Division for production of C-130.

Avco-Fargo is now competing to build the French aviation companies to exploit the Fougat manufacturing needs. The companies, Raytheon, Dassault, Messier-Bugues, Sud-Aviation and Com-Aviation, provided the specification of 75 million francs.

Gossett Corp. declared a 5% stock dividend payable Nov. 1 to stockholders of record Oct. 12. Dividend will amount to one share for each 20 shares held. Gossett reported peak sales of \$118 million for the fiscal year ended June 30. Net earnings of \$4.5 million compared with \$7.7 million for previous year, amounted to net profit of \$5.11 a share compared with \$4.10 for previous year.

## Jet Engines for KB-50

Boeing Aircraft Corp., Birmingham, Ala., will install two auxiliary General Electric J47-25 turbojet engines on a single Boeing KB-50 tanker in hopes of leading some way to meet the performance needs from its early studies.

Working under an Air Force contract, Boeing will put one of the 6,000-hp. turbojet engines under each wing. The engines, Harris says, should give the new obsolescing probe-and-destroyer tanker enough additional speed and altitude to operate with current USAF fighters and fighter bombers.

The company already has been awarded in the Air Force contract to convert conventional B-50 bombers into the KB-50 three-point refueling tankers (AW, March 5, p. 62).

# AIR TRANSPORT



AMERICAN AIRLINES DC-7 in takeoff. Airlines agrees with this transport but made it more than an interim aircraft.

## Jet-Age Role Assigned to Douglas DC-7

Airlines, which bought DC-7 as interim aircraft, say performance, appeal extend life expectancy.

By L. E. Doty

Washington—The DC-7, last of the conventional piston-engine aircraft to be built by Douglas, will continue to play a prominent role in air transportation after the advent of the jet age.

First introduced by American Airlines in November 1953, the DC-7s are no longer looked upon by its operators as simple interim aircraft designed to bridge the gap between 1976 and the time the turbo-prop and turbo-jet transports begin to appear in quantity in 1960. After that, the DC-7s will continue useful service on both long and medium range routes. The airlines rely heavily on experienced crews.

### Just Age Role

A number of the aircraft's performance characteristics, particularly its speed and range, are giving airlines their first glimpse of the problems and benefits that will accompany the operation of turbo-jet-powered fleets.

Characteristics that will help make the DC-7 a long life vehicle:

- Passengers appear to have no indication that the airplane carries a higher load factor than that of most conventional models.

- Maintenance problems that initially marred its operating records have been solved to give the DC-7 some of the highest efficiency ratings.

- Operating costs, which once were high because of problems, have been brought about by good aircraft utilization and high load factors.

The DC-7 already has given airlines their first real experience with the high

operating costs that must be accepted if the public's appetite for speed and luxury is to be satisfied. Its operation points up the fact that high load factors and aircraft utilization have become more essential than ever and will be required in an even greater degree in subsequent operations.

The DC-7, however, is proving its way, and the airlines expect it to retain its passenger appeal even while competing with the more spectacular jet models. A. E. DeWand, Douglas vice president and director of engineering, admits that before powered planes will be more comfortable, efficient, faster and quieter, more efficient in water reports. However, he adds:

"These airplanes will not replace the DC-7s. They will be supplementary, and the two types will operate side by side over a period of years."

### Seem Volume

Current take records of the DC-7 best testify to the secure future of the airplane. To date, sales amount to \$67,048,446 for 116 DC-7s and DC-7Bs, and 136 DC-7Cs. The airlines thus far have made a larger investment in the DC-7 series than in any previous Douglas model and the backlog of DC-7 orders stands highest at the company's ledger.

The dollar value of these sales does not include spares or possible modification of future aircraft. And prices are not likely to creep downward. The DC-7 cost \$1,648,150 in 1953. Two years later, the DC-7B had passed the \$2 million mark.

The DC-6, priced at \$887,800 in

1948, climbed to \$874,000 by 1953. Speed and range are the factors that have attracted the airlines to the DC-7. According to C. R. Spens, American's senior vice president for sales, the airplane offers two major selling benefits—its dimensions understate steps on long-range trips, which the public doesn't like, and enables American to play speed, which the public does like. The value falls the DC-7 as the world's fastest aircraft.

### High Load Factor

Operators say the relatively high operating costs of the DC-7 are offset by the same factors that create the costs—speed and range. Range, they say, allows an optimum economic operation, once it is overcome an airline recognizes that costs decrease as flight hours increase.

The high speed, they add, permits the production of more miles at a faster rate than any other airplane. As a result, its speed, because of its passenger appeal and competitive advantages, produces a higher load factor than other transports. Those principles do most high aircraft utilization for their successful application. They understand they will support turbo-prop and turbo-jet operations.

United Air Lines reports recent direct operating costs of 1.9 cents per available seat mile for the DC-7's 1954 unit. Its cost for the DC-6 is 2.1 cents per seat mile for the DC-6's 1954 unit. United claims that the DC-7's 1954 unit cost for the DC-6 is 2.1 cents per seat mile for the DC-6's 1954 unit. United claims that the DC-7's 1954 unit cost for the DC-6 is 2.1 cents per seat mile for the DC-6's 1954 unit.

Direct operating expense of the 60 passenger DC-7s operated by Delta

Airlines is also 1.9 cents, with a comparable 1.7 cents cost for the DC-6. During the past year, Delta's DC-7 produced 36% of the company's total available seat miles, the highest percent of DC-7 service operated by any airline.

Direct flight costs per total hours for domestic operations of the DC-7 by all airlines in 1954 averaged \$408, with United and Delta showing loss of \$389 and \$387 respectively. Eastern Airlines, using only the DC-7B in the DC-7 class, reported direct flight costs per total hours of \$461, with Pan American World Airways' costs amounting to \$419 for international operation of the DC-7B.

### Cost Comparisons

As comparisons, Northwest Airlines' costs of the Boeing 377 amounted to \$442. Average DC-6B cost was \$231, the DC-6 averaged \$246 and the DC-4 expense was \$148. Direct flight costs per total hours in the same period for Capital Airlines' National was \$235.

The DC-7s and Eastern's DC-7Bs are currently operated in both first-class and coach flights. Low fuel values, propeller, the eventual selection of the DC-7 is a wholly sound side since it is based solely on transport competition.

An official of Pan American has suggested that high costs of operations could hinder flight the turbo-jets to reach service leaving the longer-range DC-7s to handle a share of the first-class traffic. High density seating, he said, may be required to produce sufficient load factors at a time when transport operators are at a peak.

### Tourist/First-Class

The way be the reason behind Pan American's decision to schedule both the DC-7B and DC-7Bs in either tourist flights or combination tourist/first-class. The DC-7C tourist configuration is designed with 74 seats. In the Atlantic Division, 12 seats are assigned for first-class passage and 34 seats are allotted to tourist seats. In the Pacific Division, the combination seating, as assigned a 21 first-class, 36 tourist.

The DC-7B is designed to hold 72 tourist seats in a combination of 32 first-class and 40 tourist-class. All DC-7Bs are assigned to the Atlantic Division. The entire plus a high density seating of 104 seats, says Spens, and it is proposed that dual-class items are supported by the International Air Traffic Association (IATA) June 4, 1954.

C. R. Spens believes that as coach traffic will grow more rapidly in the years ahead, then derivative business, and American's DC-7B Royal Coachman is designed to capture that market. Thus the DC-7 is serving a dual pur-

pose for American—it provides the all-season loads incorporated in the DC-7B which will strengthen the company's participation in the first-class market and yet will take the over-growing tourist class market through speed and airship service.

### Cash Appeal

Eastern also employs the DC-7B as a means of offering more first-class travel. Eastern's load factor on its first-class Golden Falcon for the quarter ending June 30, an all-season period for the airline, was 71%. The DC-7B coach load factor was 75%. Load factor for Eastern's domestic routes for all types of service was 64%.

American's DC-7 coach load factor for the same period was 81%, while the load factor for the regular DC-7

service was 75%. The pattern is generally the same throughout the industry. National, for example, reported a 74% load factor for DC-7 regular service, 51% for coach and 71% for all service at the end of the June quarter. National's coach traffic on all equip ment amounts to 60% of all its jet stage business.

American's introduction of the Lockheed Electra is not expected to cause an adjustment in reported DC-7 schedules. The Electra is converted for short and medium-range operations and since in full operation, will replace the Constellation.

Eastern, on the other hand, will add a fleet of 70 Constellation 440s to its roster when deliveries begin shortly after the end of the year. The Martin 404s will be moved gradually into the Constellation



AMERICAN AIRLINES DC-7 in lay at Overland Supply Depot, Tulsa.



DC-7 WASH-DOWN at Tulsa. First call for side-by-side utilization with jets.

Division to replace DC-7s and DC-7s. Enstrom estimates that its overall \$178 million in equipment program will average available airplanes from the air fleet annually for 1955 to 10 billion in 1958, when all 60 DC-7Bs on order will have been delivered. A total of 30 DC-7Bs is scheduled for acquisition this month and an additional 10. Sayer Consultants will be added to the fleet between now and Dec. 12.

#### DC-7Cs For Domestic Route

Bonifant Airways will be the first to operate the DC-7C domestically when service begins Oct. 30. The airline held off purchasing either the DC-7 or DC-7B because it did not consider the aircraft adequate replacements for the modified DC-6 fleet.

Because of its experience on long-range routes and its ability to serve all airports on the Bonifant system, the DC-7C is considered by the airline as a "domestic workhorse" that will provide certain service well into the jet age and still hold better than a competitor position in the lower market for the next three years.

A total of 25 DC-7Cs have been ordered by Pan American. As of Sept. 18, 14 had been delivered to the Atlantic Division, seven to the Pacific Division and one in modification. The cargo of the plane was increased over that of the DC-7B by enlarging the wing area and moving engines 6 ft farther from the fuselage to increase fuel capacity from 6,400 gal. to 7,500 gal.

Aircraft, which has ordered seven DC-7s, has dropped its fleet to seven modified 45 cubic feet 25 first-class passengers. The airline plans to acquire L-1049 Super Constellation DC-3C service only in 1957.

#### Utilization Average

The DC-7B has proved themselves utilization-wise. It is reported that by the Completion 1949 month average which shows 12.26 average hours per day per aircraft. The regular service, average utilization of the DC-7 for the industry is 9.78 hours in regular service. 9.59 hours in cargo service. The DC-7B averages 10.59 hours for

regular service 10 hours for each. By contrast, the DC-4B utilization is 8.44 hours. The Constellation 749 is averaging 8.50 hours, the Viscount, 3.12 hours.

Maintenance problems of the DC-7 have been steadily decreased since the airplane was first introduced. However, the aircraft has not really attained the level of reliability against expert opinion.

Without limitation, American's vice president of equipment research who has been in close in the airline's equipment program as its corporate official, has turned his attention to certain equipment selected that the DC-7 is now performing substantially better.

#### Early Maintenance Problems

Early-on, problems with engine failures, penetration of the flight hood by shedding turbine blades and nozzle hot leaks which plagued initial operations are all but eliminated.

Overhead panel for the Constellation R-3310 turbo-compound engine is generally between 1,000 and 1,100 hours. United Air Lines has set the DC-7C turbine overhaul period at 2,500 hours. Delta, using the block system of maintenance on engines has set 12,000 hours in the maximum time limit for an part.

Unscheduled overhauls of turbines have United once in six per 1,000 engine

hours, or roughly the equivalent of one replacement to every two-and-one-half month average maintenance. By modeling the turbine, the scheduled overhaul rate has dropped as low as 2 per 2,000 engine hours, and an even further replacement is forecast by the airline.

#### Mechanical Delays

Delta's DC-7s are currently flying an average of 50 to 90 hours per mechanical delay, with engines accounting for 45.5% of the delay. The airline now operates a fleet of 13 DC-7C's representing an investment of approximately \$12 million which includes spares. The cost of an additional 10 on order will be delivered in June 1957, and the airline expects to receive about one per month thereafter.

Delta advances the DC-7 as the Golden Crown fleet and promotes its mechanical ground-cooling system, speed and altitude. National's fleet of four DC-7s are used as "test equipment" in its most advanced aircraft. The airline has four DC-7Bs on order which will be delivered in the summer of 1957.

American, in addition to Bonifant, is operating DC-7s extensively but checks have the engines on order, as Constellation Air Lines with five DC-7Bs to be delivered in 1957, and Northwest Airlines with 14 DC-7Cs scheduled for delivery in 1957 and 1958.

## American Selects Electra Interior

American Airlines has dropped a refund rate interior for its Lockheed Electra which marks a departure from conventional seating arrangements for U.S. airlines.

The new design divides the Electra's interior into seven compartments and makes use of floor seating to give the interior an informal atmosphere and at the same time, to increase seating capacity.

American's decision to use this configuration is a major departure from the usual narrow aisle passenger seating. The airplane use of floor seating (which will be retained in the new aircraft) appears to be based on American's intention to use the airplane in short-haul markets where passengers won't be on a flight long enough to require a reclining seat.

The new arrangement also will allow passengers traveling in groups to sit together in a separate section.

The design features under a series of three compartments, each containing 14 seats. The seats are four, and two of these are separated by a table and large overhead racks have been moved to the rear of the compartments, and right- and left-hand reclining seats have been used in the cabin walls.

American says that the informal compartments, are two sections with the



ELECTRA interior designed for American Airlines features informal seating groups "living room" style, increased capacity.



## Lockheed 1649A Makes First Flight

Lockheed's sixth version of the Super Constellation, the 1649A, made its first flight last week at Burbank, Calif. The airplane, later being tested for weights and balance, was flown 59 mi. The 1649A had a wing span of 159 ft, 27 ft, length and 280 sq ft. It weighs three persons, and engines mounted farther from fuselage, propeller size increased to 36 ft. Six months of flight tests are ahead.

Two new short-hauler aircraft. A series of three-type jets, starting in, will be sent to the United States and there will be a longer at the end of the year which will sell for \$1. The plane is listed at 75 passengers capacity.

American plans to put its Electra into service in early 1957. The new wing plan will mean a three-month delay in original delivery dates, and Eastern Air Lines will now get the first Electra.

## Certification Proposed For NWA Tokyo Route

Washington—Federal certification of Northwest Airlines' temporary Seattle-Tokyo route is before, but has been recommended by Civil Aeronautics Board Examiner Edward T. Stodola.

Stodola also advised the CAB to make its decision on Northwest's route concurrently with decisions on the American World Airways' transpacific application to see that the competitive pattern in the Pacific can be recovered on an overall long-term basis.

Passenger convenience for Northwest's Pacific Seattle-Anchorage-Tokyo route the carrier and the airline has made a good job of developing the route and that operating losses have been a recent improvement.

Showing that President Eisenhower decided against making Northwest's route permanent in 1955 because the carrier still required subsidy aid, the company is asking that the route be kept of subsidy until Jan. 1, 1958, and meet the President's condition for permanent.

Stodola also noted that government policy favors competition between the strong airlines serving the Pacific and that permanent certification would help Northwest maintain its competitive position as the growing transpacific market.

Northwest's latest bid for permanent certification was launched last spring after the President asked for fresh advice from the Board on the question of Pan American's pending application

to operate on Northwest's Coast Coast service in Tokyo. While considering the Pan American application, the CAB issued a partial case for Northwest's route.

Pan American asked the Board to consider its application for permission of its Central Pacific route to Tokyo along with the Northwest case.

The airline argued that the Alaska route acquired the CAB to consider both applications at the same time because they are mutually exclusive.

Examiner Stodola said the Board was right in excluding the Pan American application under the Alaska route. He found that granting of the Northwest application doesn't actually interfere the granting of the Pan American application either now or later.

Since the decision made in the Northwest case will affect long-range American policy on air routes to Tokyo, Stodola recommended that the Board consider its decision on that one at the same time that it reviews Pan American's application for the Coast Coast route in another case to that contained service to Tokyo by two U.S. carriers can be secured in the future.

## Family-Fare Pattern Extended by Airlines

Washington—A new pattern of family-fare schedules will go into effect this week with half the domestic airlines moving their month schedules back by 12 ft.

During the past year, the carriers have been shifting from the usual Tuesday-Wednesday schedule for family fares, and now 11 of them are making the family fare effective from Monday to Tuesday.

Among the new schedule are American Airlines, Allegheny Airlines, Bonanza Air Lines, Capital Airlines, Central Airlines, Eastern Airlines, Frontier Airlines, Midwest Airlines, National Airlines, Northwest Airlines, Trans World Airlines, United Air Lines and Western Air Lines.

Returning the Tuesday/Thursday schedule to Bonifant Airways, Central Airlines, Canadian Pacific Air Lines, Delta Air Lines, Eastern Air Lines, Frontier Airlines, Lufthansa Airlines, Midwest Airlines, National Airlines, Northwest Airlines, United Air Lines, Piedmont Airlines, Southern Airlines, Trans Canada Air Lines, Trans World Airlines and West Coast Airlines.

Last month Northwest Airlines attempted to equal its family fare plan to cover over 40 of the week, and Capital proposed to make the plan of future on Saturdays as well as the week period. Both proposals were supported by CAB for an investigation.

Washington—Shuttle propeller aircraft services were started by the Civil Aeronautics Board for the February crash of a Capital Airlines Viscount at Chicago.

The Viscount crashed while landing at Midway Airport. None of the passengers or crew were seriously injured, but the aircraft suffered major damage.

The accident occurred during fuel approach when the aircraft was near the airport boundary. When it was 25 to 30 ft from the ground, the Viscount descended suddenly and hit the ground 400 ft short of the runway threshold. As it tumbled down the runway, the aircraft's landing gear detached and it then skidded 1,625 ft.

The CAB found that the failure of at least five landing gear-actuated struts allowed propeller shafts to be withdrawn, thus allowing the propellers to cover below 21 degrees pitch and into the first pitch range.

When the cockpit was in the 17 degree pitch winging lights came on, he advised it electrically stopped. The action caused the propeller governor control to move the propeller blades to low degree pitch, causing both propeller drag and loss of wing lift.

Capital has established inspection procedures and modified its cockpit warning system to prevent further loss. He has also installed further systems in order to replace present switches.

## Four times the population of London and New York



THE WORLD'S two most populous cities would have to become more than four times larger to accommodate all the passengers that flow from the world's scheduled airlines last year. There were 70,000,000 of them—some 20% more than flew in 1954. And the number of airline customers is expected to grow to 85,000,000 in 1959.

As passengers and load factors increase, so does the need for new and better aircraft—stimulated by new and better petroleum products. Esso Marketers provide the growing aviation industry with highest quality fuels and lubricants, perfected by 50 years of Esso research.

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## Employment Agency Specializes In Jobs for Pilots, Mechanics

By Glenn Garrison

TELEPHONE, N. J.—Joe's airline pilot and educational psychologist, training an aviation employment service here and on the West Coast, have reported 10,000 applicants for career jobs in aviation. Pilot, Employment Agency, headquartered at Telephone Airport and at Berkeley, is one in its fourth year of placing executives and, as less, pilots, engine mechanics, flight engineers, those seeking desk jobs in the industry, and as occasional ride operator or stewardess.

### Place 1,500

Edward Bender, a Pan American pilot and the eastern half of the partnership, says about 1,500 airline people have been placed through PEA. The scheduled carriers account for about 20% of the agency's business according to Bender with another 5% coming through the supplemental carriers. PEA has handled 50% of the airline pilots placed this year, Bender says.

A recent major airline "restriction" of a policy against discrimination is being pushed a good news to PEA, Bender says. The agency has never practiced discrimination, according to

Bender, and has reported Negroes as applicants for airline piloting jobs. The agency has never been able actually to place a Negro pilot with an airline, but welcomes the opportunity to do so now.

The agency recently made a move by increasing women pilots for a non-scheduled airline. As it turned out, two women are flying for the upstart and their move is in the process of being held.

The eastern PEA partner is Norman Reiter, a doctor of education and former Navy pilot. The present partnership took over in 1953 from the agency's founder, another Pan American pilot who ran the business from his home in New Jersey. Reiter plans the psychological testing given applicants and the follow-up career records data is being built up on how the PEA placed workers get along in their jobs. The agency believes that pilot applicants will provide valuable feedback for the general field of aviation psychology. Immediately, it helps PEA to work out the tests best suited to determine an applicant's fitness for a specific job.

Executive flying is the agency's big job field and Bender claims PEA is

now placing the people who make 55% of the nation's business fleet. This includes not only pilots and copilots, but administrative personnel who direct aircraft operations for corporations who own the planes. This year, according to Bender, more than 1,000 applicants, including several airline captains, will be placed in this executive type of job.

There is more tendency Bender says, for pilots, pilots—particularly, to go on pilots-to write from the career flying in the administrative type, job which may offer more opportunity.

But the agency works closely with airlines, who need additional Civil Aeronautics Administration issued personnel. PEA studies airline route structures, traffic levels, equipment and tries to anticipate the carrier needs. Bender says it isn't uncommon for an airline to call PEA and request a need for several hundred pilots, for example. The agency's BMI equipment then goes to work looking through the personnel cards.

PEA also keeps up-to-date airline pilot records, help as member airlines of monitoring the airline situation.

### Franchising

Among the big, new of the well jobs PEA has handled was the well-planned placement of pilots to work with the French during the 1953 lighting in Indo China.

The first, handled by PEA for the State Department, was secret for many



### Manhattan Helicopter in Business

New York Airways Helicopter Base is handled in routine operation at Manhattan's first commercial heliport, dedicated recently. The heliport now has cargo and mail, will begin passenger operation next month. Passengers and operations building is at left.



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**VISCOUNT**  
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## BEA Interior for Viscount 802

Interior layout for British European Airways' new Viscount 802 is generally similar to 700 series. Kitchens has been enlarged, but doors and the seating was used in other model. Cabin arrangement looking forward (right) was used for deplaning and disembarking flights at Farnborough. It was accordingly found out. BEA is considering an arrangement to seat 60. Covers of pilots (above left) and radio operator's station (above right) are shown. Seats are designed by Stuart Barber and Hordell.



months until the main brake and its pistons and components descended on the airport.

The agency also has placed test pilots with such manufacturers as Bell and Martin helicopter pilots engineers with aviation backgrounds jobs from a fixed base operator for an airport. A current project is supplying pilots and engineers flight personnel to the civil contractor (Southern Airways) for the Army's first helicopter-operated helicopter school. American arrangement is finding firm pilots to take B-36 bombers from California to France and bring back Comair 246 which have

been replaced by 440 Mustangs. All in all, Beagle says, the agency now has more than 1,000 active jobs waiting for people to fill them. With the current airline push for flight crew, he expects continued growth for his agency.

## Shortlines

► **Airlines Closing House** handled in-house transactions worth \$57,199,877 during August for a 14% increase over August 1955.

► **Capital Airlines** is supplying blocks of tickets as it works to qualify for commercial accounts under its Commercial Accounts Block Ticket Plan. The company also has been soliciting and report monthly use.

► **Cuba's Havana-Miami** Viscount flight operated with a 75% load factor during the first three months of service. Load factor on the route reached 87% in August and seats increased 110% during the three month period.

► **Eastern Air Lines** is redefining jobs provided from Trans World Air-

# Airline Traffic—August 1956

	Revenue Passenger Miles (RPM)	Load Factor	% of Mail	Passenger	Freight	Total Revenue Per-ton	Per Ton Revenue Available Per-ton
<b>DOMESTIC TRAFFIC</b>							
American	496,156	457,694	69.15	1,617,149	973,337	4,275,803	36,454,911
Continental	107,367	102,861	68.93	324,441	154,814	3,711,371	4,478,484
Eastern	264,557	257,273	38.30	264,717	219,848	3,171,811	18,758,891
Northwest	103,884	104,907	67.84	316,081	20,918	3,033,823	3,327,293
TWA	177,651	177,407	67.80	316,435	391,444	4,056,118	34,461,861
Western	126,811	121,381	60.76	330,428	494,495	1,573,236	34,461,861
Midwest	49,661	46,363	60.76	148,748	30,143	327,627	4,478,484
Southwest	127,215	113,333	64.64	316,081	20,918	3,033,823	3,327,293
Northwest	126,811	121,381	60.76	330,428	494,495	1,573,236	34,461,861
TWA	177,651	177,407	67.80	316,435	391,444	4,056,118	34,461,861
Western	126,811	121,381	60.76	330,428	494,495	1,573,236	34,461,861
<b>INTERNATIONAL</b>							
American	13,131	6,421	49.28	13,131	797	396,342	1,499,364
Continental	1,911	6,814	43.43	39,111	1,129	779,892	34,461,861
Eastern	13,131	6,421	49.28	13,131	797	396,342	1,499,364
Northwest	1,911	6,814	43.43	39,111	1,129	779,892	34,461,861
TWA	1,911	6,814	43.43	39,111	1,129	779,892	34,461,861
Western	1,911	6,814	43.43	39,111	1,129	779,892	34,461,861
Midwest	1,911	6,814	43.43	39,111	1,129	779,892	34,461,861
Southwest	1,911	6,814	43.43	39,111	1,129	779,892	34,461,861
<b>LOCAL SERVICE</b>							
American	40,597	4,201	44.44	7,324	10,490	15,178	676,899
Continental	11,021	1,238	44.44	1,190	1,352	2,542	108,128
Eastern	4,897	1,276	24.04	2,394	2,767	7,103	324,464
Northwest	14,561	4,471	44.44	17,172	4,128	47,208	394,367
TWA	41,278	4,199	44.44	2,461	14,503	19,964	867,254
Western	33,647	3,820	20.31	2,399	10,179	11,263	644,361
Midwest	16,912	1,113	44.44	20,641	3,420	24,061	100,128
Southwest	20,262	4,479	20.31	1,190	10,363	11,553	494,367
Philippines	40,730	7,792	20.31	13,617	15,493	29,110	124,367
Southwest	17,771	1,964	44.44	2,399	10,179	11,263	644,361
Western	20,262	4,479	20.31	1,190	10,363	11,553	494,367
West Coast	20,262	4,479	20.31	1,190	10,363	11,553	494,367
<b>REMARKS</b>							
Continental	28,443	2,727	26.77	119	19,434	266,112	87.81
<b>CARGO (RPM)</b>							
American	1,644	20,443	99.26	39,127	10,419	445,108	447,188
Continental	1,644	20,443	99.26	49,230	10,419	445,108	447,188
Eastern	1,644	20,443	99.26	49,230	10,419	445,108	447,188
Northwest	1,644	20,443	99.26	49,230	10,419	445,108	447,188
TWA	1,644	20,443	99.26	49,230	10,419	445,108	447,188
Western	1,644	20,443	99.26	49,230	10,419	445,108	447,188
Midwest	1,644	20,443	99.26	49,230	10,419	445,108	447,188
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Philippines	1,644	20,443	99.26	49,230	10,419	445,108	447,188
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Western	1,644	20,443	99.26	49,230	10,419	445,108	447,188

\*Not available.  
Compiled by AVIATION WEEK from airline reports to the Civil Aeronautics Board

tion, KLM Royal Dutch Airlines, Swissair and Lufthansa five reports to investigate the "Bell" incident. The program is designed to educate the outside airlines as to U.S. customs and business travel areas. The group will tour New York, Washington, Miami and New Orleans while it is in the country.

**American Air Export and Import Co.** has bought stock in Air Cargo, Inc. AANKCO will sell Air Cargo line for pickup and delivery services from the cargo airline, begins service on the New York-New Orleans and New Orleans-Chicago Detroit routes on Nov. 15.

**British Airways** adds Chatterbox to its flight schedule this month with the acquisition of a dual DC-8 flight between Dallas and New York via Memphis, Chatterbox and Washington.

**Flying Tiger** also added a third DC-8 transcontinental flight to its schedule on Oct. 1. The new flight operates daily between Cleveland and Los Angeles via Detroit and Chicago.

**Lake Central Airlines** plan to begin service on its recently acquired Youngstown Erie route on Jan. 1.

**North Central Airlines** flew 51,218 passengers in September, an increase of 19% over September of 1955. North Central carried 415,094 passengers during the first nine months of the year as compared with 430,445 for the same period of 1955.

**Northwest Airlines** is using one of its original Ford Tn-Motors to celebrate the airline's 78th anniversary. The Tn-Motor is being flown New York to Seattle during October, stopping at cities served by Northwest on its transcontinental route. The carrier bought the old transport from Johnson Truck Service, the present owner.

**San Francisco International Airport** handled 373,317 passengers in August a 17% gain over the same month last year. Air freight traffic increased 37.7% to 9,943,145 lb. as express tonnage rose to 7,323,759 lb. and mail traffic was up 12.4% to 2,917,946 lb.

**Servair** has opened a sales office in Atlanta to serve Georgia, North and South Carolina, Mississippi, Tennessee, Alabama and Florida.

**United Air Lines** flew 436,952,890 passengers in August, an increase of 1% over last year's passenger tonnage of 435,219,500 respectively over traffic in September 1955.

## AIRLINE OBSERVER

**Sidair** is considering the Pratt & Whitney JT5 for its Mark II Corvair aircraft as well as the Rolls-Royce Avon (AW Jan. 22, p. 104). Earlier choice of the Rolls-Royce Avon for the Mark I Corvair over the Pratt & Whitney JT5 was noted previously in the earlier issue of the Avon. However, Sidair has been actually comparing its existing P&W engines to U.S. models which makes it extremely difficult to obtain full technical information from an engine designed for civil use.

**Continental Air Lines** is heavily promoting activity in its major new aircraft in the Western Hemisphere. It will operate the 1954, 4-engine turboprop engine, one from General Electric and featuring a constant speed of the Rolls-Royce K14 engine and a model of the Viscount engine in service. Los Angeles will be down in key cities on Continental's routes. The airline will compare service on its new Los Angeles-Kansas City-Chicago route in April with DC-7Bs.

**American Airlines** is the first domestic airline to pass the 20,000 employment mark. Latest tabulation shows a total of 20,356 employees on the payroll. Biggest employment rise occurred during last year's when almost 5,600 people joined the airline.

**Civil Aeronautics Board** is giving the airlines and manufacturers the additional time they requested to study the proposed new airline passenger regulations in Draft Release 54-23. The deadline for comment has been moved back to Jan. 15, and government-initiated discussion of the rules will be held in Washington on Feb. 15. The new Board is also studying the proposals completed by Oct. 15, and the airlines plan to study the information to their operations and their report by Nov. 15. After that, the groups will meet and prepare their comments for the CAB.

**International Civil Aeronautics Organization** will attempt to arrange legal complexities involved in crimes committed aboard international flights from 10 countries have studied the legal status of international air crime. Next step is to determine where jurisdiction lies. Other legal problems which ICAO hopes to resolve are international air law, air traffic restrictions in light of health and death. The group also plans to determine the exact powers of an aircraft captain during flight.

**Aeroflot** Omsk is expected to have organizational and route plans of National Greek Airlines (TAE) completed within the next few weeks. Final structure of the airline may include close links with one or more airlines, either American or European.

**Sikorsky** pulled a military S-55 off the production line, removed the fuel tank and changed it to have Civil Aeronautics Administration certified for use with previously built commercial model. The action was justified by pressure from commercial airlines seeking to have delivery of the helicopter. CAB showed only to dual engine and in forward, instead that standard seat is adopted.

**Montreal's St-Mathias** air freight terminal now being built at Dorval Airport by Trans-Air Canada. The new airport building under construction in Canada by private interests. Seven contracts have already been contracted for space in the building which will be completed in July 1957, and will be known as the Canadian Airports Building.

**Polair** International Airlines plans an expansion of its routes from Karachi to London via Cairo and Rome and from Karachi to Dhaka and Bangkok. The airline also is contemplating routes that will link Karachi with Nairobi and Addis Ababa and Bangkok, Dacca and Rangoon as another. The Pakistan World Airways will be a technical assistance contract for PIA from the Foreign Operations Administration.

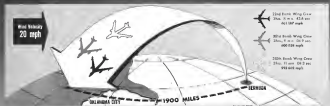
**Corvair** jet transport recently covered the 730 nautical miles from Paso to Stockholm in the record time of two hours, 10 minutes. The transport was flown by Scandinavian Airlines System officials.



Lead plane wins 1900-mile dash by 21.3 seconds as . . .

# ALL THREE SAC B-47's BREAK SPEED MARK IN GENERAL ELECTRIC TROPHY EVENT

Bermuda-Oklahoma City race emphasizes mobility, readiness of  
SAC, demonstrates performance, reliability of G-E J47 engines



CONGRATULATIONS are extended to Major J. Schreiber, commander of winning plane, by General E. W. Haskins, AMC Commander.



TROPHY Presentation. (l. to r.) Capt. D. O. Peterson, Tech. Sgt. J. Richardson, Major J. Schreiber, Major C. J. Larkin, George Fawcett, head of G.E. jet engine manufacturing, Maj. Gen. W. O. Boster, Commander, OCAAMA.



NATION-WIDE TELECAST announced event would be 30,000,000 viewers of G.E.'s Sunday night TV Theatre shortly after race ended.

Averaging 601.387 mph, SAC's 12th Bomb Wing crew landed its Boeing B-47 only 21.3 seconds ahead of the runner-up aircraft to win the 1966 General Electric Trophy.

Near "photo finish" times logged in the 1966 mile, non-stop dash demonstrate the reliability of the General Electric J47 turbojet. Facing the race into the face of challenging west-to-east prevailing headwinds for the first time, each entry broke the existing Trophy Event B-47 speed mark of 589.294 mph set in 1955.

Eighteen engines—all with throttle settings at maximum allowable power—performed so precisely that only 144.7 seconds separated the competing bombers at the finish line.

Powerplants with this same demonstrated reliability are in service today with more than 1900 SAC B-47's. In this respect, this year's G-E Trophy Event emphasizes dramatically the combat mobility and readiness of USAF's Strategic Air Command. General Electric Company, Cincinnati 15, Ohio.

1070

ENGINEER: Outboard Inboard "Twin A. Engines" is available for qualified engineers interested in the field of light aircraft. Write: Technical Personnel, Dept. L, Building 1881, 4271 Station, General Electric Company, Cincinnati 15, Ohio.

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## MISSILE ENGINEERING



ARMY DART missile was developed for field use against tanks, even a shaped-charge rocket. Foreplant of untested sub-propellant rocket, speed is unknown.



DART GUIDANCE and launcher is built into standard M19 personnel carrier for battlefield use. Dart system is going into production for the Army.



REDSTONE tactical ballistic, speed is known, reaching 10,000 by 25-ton mobile crane, part of new war concept assigned by the service.

## Army Shows

By David A. Anderson

**Albany, N.Y.**—Army's Redstone missile system, built around a nuclear cargo ballistic rocket, will soon become an operational weapon.

The Army says Redstone has "great accuracy, complete internal guidance and range selection." It may be a substitute for tactical weapons, Army adds.

The two-part missile now in production by the Chrysler Corp. was developed along with its series of launching equipment in a completed design to



ARMY ARTILLERY is supplemented by the short-range Hawk John (top) and the medium range Corporal (bottom). Both have been tested in field action. Hawk John is angled, but range approaching 15 mi. Corporal is guided, can hit at targets up to range of 50 mi.

## Missile Arsenal; Redstone Near Field Use

man, from 4,000 members at the annual meeting here of the American Ordnance Association.

See other Army missile system were shown or described during the day.

• **Dart** (SSM-A-21) anti-tank missile using a shaped-charge warhead and propelled by a solid-propellant rocket.

• **Lawrence**, surface-to-surface missile for close support on the battlefield.

• **Little John** (SSM-A-47), small caliber, unguided artillery rocket.

• **Corporal** (SSM-A-47), short-range ballistic missile.

• **Honest John** (SSM-A-25) road-to-roads missile.

• **Nike** (SSM-A-25) anti-aircraft missile system now deployed at sites around major U. S. cities.

### Redstone Concept

Basic concept of the Army's Redstone missile is a weapon capable of taking maximum advantage to enemy positions far beyond heavy artillery range.

The armament package, which should be able to carry heavier warheads

over its useful range, which has been estimated at about 100 mi. It is considered as the backbone of the Jupiter TRUMF, now under joint development by the Army and Navy.

A main track carries a rocket up a firing platform of a field artillery inside batteries equipped with Redstone. The operational use of the weapon involves a move to the firing point; a quick setup and checkout of the work; and—before firing—moving on to another site with the major items of the concept, leaving only the missile on its





when **HEAT**  
can cripple your component...

you need a **Thermoflex-insulated housing**  
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Typical insulated housing developed by Johns-Manville for vital aircraft component

In the flying furnace that is today's jet aircraft—or missile—components must still deliver maximum performance. That's why so many manufacturers of actuators, starters, pumps and electrical equipment are turning to insulated housings as developed by Johns-Manville. These housings are tailor-made for each component design. They fit snugly and form a continuous barrier against the scorching temperatures encountered at supersonic speeds.

Carefully fabricated of high-tem-

perature alloys, Johns-Manville housings are insulated with **Thermoflex®** refractory fiber felt. They are light in weight yet possess unusual structural strength and rigidity.

If your component is subject to failure from high temperature, get in touch with Johns-Manville. Experienced insulation engineers will plan a housing to give your component the protection it needs.

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AIRCRAFT INDUSTRY

## Omnienvironment Suit



ORANGE VOUGHT'S chief test pilot, John Knudsen, is ready to take off in new, more comfortable pressure suit developed by the Navy and B. F. Goodrich-Bulfinch Co. Suit completely encloses pilot who breathes 100% oxygen from tank.



SPECIAL underwear but pilot wearing air suit not for operations.



MAH is called on Navy flight gear, Knudsen in Navy-Goodrich suit.



PILOT checks into cockpit where adjustments are made. Suit protects against low atmospheric pressure, heavy G forces, heat, cold, and exposure to water after bailout.



**Scott**  
CONSTANT FLOW  
portable  
**OXYGEN UNIT**



Model 5500  
AIRLINE OXYGEN ASSEMBLY

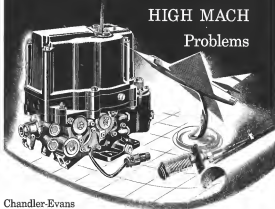
• This lightweight, constant-flow unit provides up to 100 minutes of supplementary oxygen for passengers or crew with disposable or conventional self-breathing masks. Shoulder strap for conventional use as "weld-circuit" unit. This equipment is also used to augment or substitute for fixed systems. The 5500 unit is made to the same high standards that has made Scott equipment outstanding for over 20 years in a performance-demanding industry.

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Chandler-Evens

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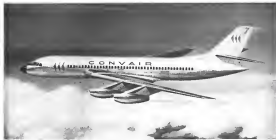
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Makers of Jet Aircraft Accessories Produced TODAY to meet TOMORROW'S Progress

## AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING



ARTIST'S DRAWING of Convair's 880 medium-range turboprop transport. The craft has been ordered by Trans World and Delta Airlines.

### Convair 880 Details Show Flexibility

Detailed specifications of Convair's 880 turboprop transport which have been sent out to prospective buyers point out an airplane that develops areas of performance at the language turboprops and the electric engine turboprops but does not fit into either class.

Guaranteed performance for the airlines, on order by Trans World Airlines and Delta Airlines (AW June 14, p. 40), includes:

- **Takesoff distance:** at sea level over a 10 ft obstacle (1.3  $V_{LO}$ ) used for takeoff speed with weight of 135,000 lb.—1,550 ft.
- **Landing distance:** at sea level (no level) (no obstacle) over 50 ft obstacle with weight of 123,500 lb.—5,450 ft.
- **Range:** with starting weight of 135,000 lb. and a total fuel weight of 15,000 lb.—3,477 statute miles.

(The fuel weight includes 2,500 lb. for wingtip takeoff and acceleration to climb speed (no distance made good) cruise at 75,000 ft. and 90% rpm cruise thrust, descent, zero wind and 10,000 ft. maneuver fuel. Takeoff for the range is 1.3  $V_{LO}$  and for the takeoff and landing distances is 1.5  $V_{LO}$ .)

Maximum allowable takeoff weight is 175,000 lb. Maximum landing weight is 125,000 lb., but a maximum structural landing weight of 115,000 lb. can be provided with a change in wheels and landing, increasing the empty weight of 60,000 lb. by 75 lb.

As speeds permitted:

- At 25,000 ft., maximum cruise thrust

- and 130,000 lb. weight—127 kt.  $\pm 1\%$
- At 35,000 ft., 90% rpm cruise thrust and 110,000 lb.—175 kt.  $\pm 1\%$

In cruise operating altitude with one engine inoperative and at a weight of 115,000 lb. is specified at 18,100 ft.—175 kt.

Convair pointed out additional takeoff and landing performance figures that were not listed in the formal specifications:

- **For 500 sea trip with an 80 passenger:** 13,500 lb. payload and takeoff weight of 125,000 lb., takeoff distance would be 4,150 ft., landing distance (weight 117,000 lb.) 5,400 ft.

(In a recent investigation of actual flight data and airport accommodations, the model 880 will carry 108 passengers.)

- **For 1,000 sea trip with 80 passengers and a total weight of 144,000 lb., takeoff distance would be 5,750 ft., landing distance, 5,600 ft.**

- **For a 1,000 sea trip (maximum range), with 80 passengers and maximum takeoff weight, the takeoff distance would be 8,500 ft. and landing distance, 5,400 ft.**

These landing distances are guaranteed figures within  $\pm 1\%$ . The takeoff figures are not guaranteed figures but are shown from a curve established when the guaranteed specifications were set out.

Design cruising speed is 375 kt./Mach .84. Maximum landing gear which will retract whenever the flap is

and wing root can be extended at 375 kt. for use in emergency drop device. Speed limitation with full flaps is 195 kt.

In general, the airplane structure will be high strength aluminum alloy, including 2024 and 7075, but less critical areas, 7075 and 7175. Aluminum alloy sheet shall be clad for pages 951 in or less where used externally. The structure will be fastened, either through use of nutplate structure or by providing overstrength at the appropriate sections.

The fuselage, which will be powered by a maximum normal operating value of 5.2 psi, will have structural reinforcement and stress level so that structural will not result in explosive structural failure.

Allowance is made for use of honeycomb sheet structural requirements present.

The reference mentioned currently is a conventional one. Its details, which are spelled out in general terms:

- **Wing:**

Method section NACA 0011-64 used at root, NACA 0009 18-64 used at 13 1/4% spanwise and NACA 0007-64 used at tip. Dihedral 5 deg. at leading edge spanwise to tip, sweep, 15 deg. sweep ratio, 7% mean aerodynamic chord, 18 ft. 11 1/2 in. area, 2,000 sq ft.

Construction in general will be of aluminum alloy, full riveting, box type with multiple sparings after members of built-up type ribs and bulk-

# TORRINGTON

## NB SERIES NEEDLE BEARINGS

### For Oscillating Motion or Heavy Rolling Loads



Torrington NB Series Needle Bearings employ the same needle roller principle as the famous DC Type Bearing.

They are available in the five types illustrated, all being of nonseparable construction and designed for periodic vibration. Outer and inner races are of high carbon, chrome steel, hardened and precision ground.

Like the DC Type, the compact design of NB Series Needle Bearings permits saving in size and weight of surrounding parts.

Torrington NB Series Needle Bearings have been used extensively in the aircraft industry and for ordnance work where their extremely high static capacity and anti-friction characteristics enable them to withstand heavy impact loads.

Designs can be modified to meet industrial applications involving rotating motion.

**Type NBC**—oscillating motion only. Designed specifically for applications in which the OD is supported by a housing and the rollers are locked up by clamping surfaces.

**Types NBE and NBF**—oscillating motion only, self-aligning. Designed for applications where it is difficult to obtain alignment during assembly or where deflection tends to self-aligning bearing details.

**Types NBF and NBP**—heavy rolling loads. Designed for use as rollers under heavy loads at slow speeds.

See our new Needle Bearing Catalog in the 1958 Spon's Product Design Manual while ahead for Catalog No. 55.

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## TORRINGTON BEARINGS

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Spherical Roller • Ball • Needle Roller



G. D. Schmitt (second from left), Flight Controls Dept. Head, discusses new techniques in the mechanization of navigation with R. D. Wertz (left), Flight Controls Research Engineer, R. J. Newbold, Flight Controls Analysis Section Head, and B. C. Ashby, Servomechanisms Analysis Group Engineer.

## MISSILE SYSTEMS FLIGHT CONTROLS

One of the most critical problems encountered in the development of a successful missile system involves obtaining rapid responses of controls consistent with system stability. Moreover, it is a problem of increasing importance as new aerodynamic configurations require major advances in flight controls performance.

At Lockheed, Flight Controls engineers are developing unique control methods to cope with this growing problem. Their expanded activities have created new positions for those possessing experience and a high order of ability in:

- Hydraulic servomechanisms
- Circuit design
- Aerodynamic stability and control
- Flight analysis
- Analog simulation

A number of the positions now open are on supervisory levels. Inquiries are invited for positions at Lockheed's Engineering Centers in Van Nuys and Sunnyvale, California.

*Lockheed* MISSILE SYSTEMS DIVISION research and engineering staff

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## *This bombardier calls a near-miss perfect*

Ranging over sea, desert, or frozen wastes, the Air Rescue Service's Douglas C-54s are an "anywhere-any weather" safety lifeline for downed airmen and downer victims.

Greater speed and economy make the C-54 the premier ideal for both actual rescues and the long patrol missions Air Rescue Service flies. Increased fuel capacity keeps C-54 aloft for 18 hours or more. Our plane can drop 4 new-type raft rescue kits with a life-saving potential of 160 people.

Defense is everybody's business. Global responsibilities tax our armed forces' manpower to the limit, and meeting them is a matter of national defense and national pride. Young Americans are urged to find out about the opportunities to serve their country and advance their futures in the service of their choice.

Depend on **DOUGLAS**



First in Aviation

kinds of seas and web type and plate stronger type paper and lower carbon.

Over integral fuel tanks of 10,770 gal capacity, with a weight allowance for fuel of 70,000 lb. are provided.

### • Engines

Four General Electric CJ-405 14-hp jet engines (commercial 1790) will be attached to permanent pylons. Visual revenues and sound suppressors are to be included and an allowance of 11,100 lb has been made in the weight empty for the engines with these units. Compressor bleed air will be used to preheat the fuel tanks and for wing anti-icing.

### • Fuel pump

Schibler and his will be of the same as also. Full confidence construction with provision for electrical de-icing. Clonston and under will be electromechanical and rain induced.

### • Fuelage

Seven automatic construction pre-painting transverse fuselage and large.



## **Missile Tracker**

Optical tracking, developed at the Army Signal Corps Engineering Laboratories at Ft. Monmouth, N. J., can track a moving plane or missile 90 mi. in radius under through a 150 mi. lens. Lens serves for the viewing equipment weighs 600 lb. It was developed by Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corp., Camer, also designed by Fairchild, photographs target and a clock on view from. Auxiliary camera photographs lens display which indicates direction and azimuth and also a second clock synchronized with first. Tracker was photographed at White Sands Proving Grounds.

# NEW!

GLOBE's

1.675" dia.

precision  
miniature  
a.c. motor



## **EXTRA HIGH SYNC POWER!**

Globe, the pioneer precision miniature motor manufacturer, now enters the field of larger, yet compact and lightweight motors for operation at all frequency ranges and speeds. The new motor measures 1.475" dia. x .75" long, and weighs only 11.5 gm. Incorporating Globe's latest refinements in hydrostatic-synchromotor design, they provide absolute synchronous rotation, extremely smooth operation, and high starting and running torques at 1.2 sec. in. no-gearcase timing and control units, with are available with integral planetary gear heads with broad selection of gear speed reduction ratios and torques up to 2000 oz. in.

Selection only with up to 30 in. in starting and running torque and variable frequency units are also available in the new line. Globes are designed to meet military specifications. Write today for Bulletin 1175.

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## Five Examples of How General Electric Helps Strengthen America's Air Power



**1 GE TURBOPUMPS AND TURBO-PUMPS** convert air flow engine compressors on the B-52 into drive-power for the gear boron's generators and hydraulic power for landing gear, bomb bay doors and other key flexibility-actuated devices.



**2 GE AIRCRAFT INTERCOMS**, serving the B-52, include unique noise reduction features for in-flight relaying which are capable of receiving up to 10,000 pounds of jet fuel per minute with accuracy within one per cent. Fluorescent systems include transmitters, power supplies, and relaying electronics.



**3 NEW GE JET TURBINES**, delivering more power per pound than any engine of any portable size, revolve over 10,000 rpm in B-52 flying jet, too. Now in production for the Lockheed F-105A, world's fastest fighter, the J79 is joining the more than 3,000 turbojet engines now



used by General Electric for the Air Force since 1945. Every 24 hours at USAF bases around the world, GE turbojets are flying 2,000,000 miles, or the equivalent of an entire world and back engine transports.



**4 NEW GE CONSTANT FREQUENCY POWER PACKAGE** produces 10 KVA from a 100-pole system. This lightweight development is based on the 9 KVA constant drive speed used in the A-1H and generators and controls equipping the F-101A fighter bomber and B-52 bomber.



**5 GE SUPERSONIC BOMBING DEFENSE SYSTEMS** coordinate and control target, reconnaissance and ballistic data through an integrated radar eye and display console to give pilot second-to-second view in B-52, B-47, and B-66 tail armament.

These are just a few results of General Electric progress in the development of advanced aircraft equipment. Today GE engineers and scientists are applying the extensive resources and facilities at their command to explore the mysteries of hypersonic speeds and aircraft flight in a continuing effort to provide the advanced equipment necessary for a strong air defense tomorrow. General Electric Company, Schenectady 5, N. Y.

GE-114

*Progress Is Our Most Important Product*

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## SOLID ENGINE AND CHEMICAL DIVISION



Dependable single—Aerojet propelled rocket is unique in America's arsenal. Its power is independently delivered, its performance unaffected by atmospheric conditions. Aerojet General's jet assisted takeoff units (JATO) are the world's most widely used auxiliary power plants for aircraft.



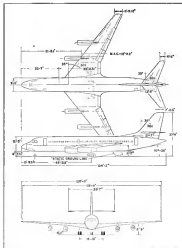
In the search for new materials of construction new tests and higher speeds Aerojet General also conducted experiments in America's most comprehensive rocket propulsion program.

Medical Engineers  
Electronic Engineers  
Chemical Engineers  
Electrical Engineers  
Aeronautical Engineers  
Civil Engineers  
Metallurgists  
Chemists  
Physicists  
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Write: Director of Scientific and Flight Testing Personnel, Aerojet-General Corp., P.O. Box 10470, Azusa, Calif.



**LAYER** General full specifications show little basic change from earlier designs. Landing gear with two lower retractable right angles, main height from ground to nose wheel type and length of conventional land, remain the same.

Internal stiffeners with aluminum alloy sheet covering will be used. Different panels will be used to increase payload, open to crew and passengers in the event of sudden decompression. Weather radar antenna will be mounted in the nose.

### • Landing Gear

Tireless type will be hydraulically retractable. Main gear will incorporate two sets of four-wheel main tracks mounted at the center of gravity. Nose wheel will be steerable dual type.

### • Controls

Admission and spoilers will be used for lateral control. Ailerons will be manually controlled and automatically locked out whenever the flaps are retracted and reverse when flaps are extended. An emergency override will be provided to inhibit the admission for use below 345 kt. with flaps retracted.

Spoilers will be hydraulically operated for use at all speeds, and will have two independent hydraulic systems.

Rudder and elevator will be manually controlled. Controlable stab doors will be controlled hydraulically, with a manual electrical actuating system available. Flaps will operate hydraulically. Spoilers will be used for speed brakes. Tail-ride yaw damper will be provided.

## French Study Missile For Vautour Bomber

Ortut Aviation (formerly Segrin) is carrying out research in field of guided missiles, especially in regard to Vautour bomber's armament. Research also in chelon long-range, ground-to-air missile which will be ultimate development of Trifont.



## صفحة بيضة تخرج وتحرق

### er-Rammah's self-moving egg

Join two flat panels, fill with an incendiary mixture, add a tail; propel by two large rockets. In A.D. 1230, Arabia's Hassan en-Rammah, gazing centuries ahead, proposed this oval in his "The Book of Fighting on Horseback and with War Engines."

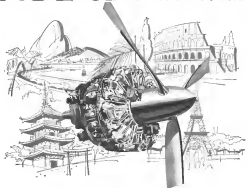
Today, rocket-powered ordnance is foremost in American defense—and Aerojet-General Corporation is foremost in rocket power. Aerojet's solid-propellant rockets are used on the Sparrow and Regulus and on the newest, most advanced American missiles.



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We invite you—the engineer, the scientist—to participate at Aerojet in the creation of tomorrow's realities from yesterday's dreams.

# FOREIGN ...but not far



## World Centers are only hours away with TURBO COMPOUND NON-STOP POWER

Castle-in-air... continents-in-reach... even as far as 3,000 miles away... the superb power of Curtiss-Wright Turbo Compound® engines has made such flights... unheard of a few years ago for commercial carriers... because in your life today Super American-built aircraft like the Douglas DC-7 and the Lockheed Super Constellation... faster airlines in the world... cross the entire in 6 hours, the Atlantic in 10, take you to foreign world centers in hours instead of days. No need to stop for refueling. Because of the superior economy of Turbo Compound design... which uses turbines to convert previously wasted exhaust gases into 20% increased efficiency... today's airlines get there with power to spare, power to "bank" if necessary over busy airports. They get you there safely, smoothly, and in breathtaking fashion.

Turbo Compound are first choice the world over for high speed long range transports. They have flown more than 23 billion mile miles to date, with a perfect safety record. Selected by 41 of the world's leading airlines. Turbo Compound will soon put 100 million into daily air service on the air routes of the world. For the most in trend simulation, fly the lines that fly Turbo Compound.



ELECTRONICS • NUCLEONICS • PLASTICS • METALLURGY • ULTRASONICS • AVIATION

## Wind, Temperature Predict Sonic Boom

By Russell Hawken

Rough prediction of whether sonic boom from aircraft at high altitude will reach the ground has been made possible by a recently published USAF study.

The study report says that if the ground speed of an aircraft at altitude is less than the ground speed of sound at the surface the shock wave will not reach the ground. The ground speed of sound will be affected by temperature and wind velocity. The latter will also affect the ground speed of the aircraft.

### Shock Front

Prediction of sound at the surface would be easy in a homogeneous atmosphere in which temperature and wind were the same at all altitudes. A shock wave front would form a straight line extending downward from the generating airplane at the Mach angle and traveling in a direction perpendicular to its length. It would reach the ground from a dive, level flight or even a slight climb unless the altitude of the airplane was great enough to permit its complete decay.

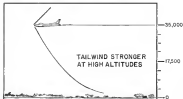
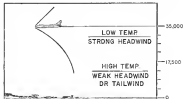
In practice, vertical temperature and wind gradients will prevent the boom from reaching the surface if the ground speed of sound there is greater than the ground speed of the airplane. Because the shock wave travels at the speed of sound which rises with temperature, its lower portion goes speed as they descend to lower altitudes. As a result the lower edge of the shock front curves forward and continues at an angle more nearly parallel to the ground, decreasing the likelihood of its reaching the surface as an audible boom.

### Upward Pass

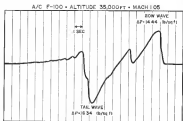
The same upward forward and upward usually occurs in a supersonic pass into the wind. The slowing effect of the low friction tends to drag down with altitude so that much of the aircraft's path is actually faster than those on the ground. Therefore, as the lower parts of the front move down into lower level winds ground speed increases and the boom is warped forward.

In a downward pass the reverse is true. The ground speed of the shock wave decreases with altitude and the front bends backward, causing it to advance toward the ground.

At very high Mach numbers a boom is to be expected regardless of the temperature and wind gradients because the Mach angle is great enough to overcome these effects even in a



USUAL TEMPERATURE, wind gradients make it less likely for boom from upward run (above) to reach ground. Shock accelerates at low altitudes, swinging up and traveling longer, steeper path to ground. Downward (below) front decelerates in slower surface winds, bending backward and following steeper, shorter path to ground.



SHOCK 100 ft. In right and level with F-100 has steep low wave, smaller wave from wing and tail wave which is near surface. Further from plane, wave decays, flattens.

**No rivets!**

**No welds!**

**Solvent free**

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Photo: John Smith, submitted by  
Franklin D. Smith, Jr.,  
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**EPON ADHESIVES** permit you to assemble bonded parts immediately, because they contain no solvents. Conspicuous advantages are for high strength bonding of metal, plastic, rubber, wood, or glass parts. Glue flow need not be uniform. Air dried bonding and machine finishing of surface before bonding is not required.

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wing sections, jet fuel tanks, roller assemblies, structural joints and floor panels. In structures, Epox adhesives are replacing expensive riveting and welding operations—often with improved structural strength.

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- **Epox Adhesive 425:** A special formulation in tape form for service at temperatures up to 300°F.

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If you have an assembly problem that Epox adhesives may solve, we'll gladly send samples and full technical information. Just write or telephone.

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slight climb. With no wind and a normal temperature gradient, one could expect to have a loan from a Mach 3.85 pass at 15,000 ft.

#### Diamond Decay

The study shows that shock waves from a diamond and pressure in the shock wave continue closely to theory. Pressure rise depends largely on the pressure gradient of the free air and distance from the generating surface.

At a pressure altitude of 35,000 ft and a distance of 100 ft the pressure rise was found to be from 12 to 14 lb./sq. ft. Extrapolation to sea level pressure indicates that the pressure rise in a low pass would be about 60 lb./sq. ft. enough to cause considerable damage.

Rate of decay with distance is rapid. At a distance of 300 ft the pressure rise is less than half that at a distance of 100 ft and at 1,000 ft it is down to 3 lb./sq. ft. Thus in the full wave (compressive) wave all need (irreversible) greater than that in the bow wave.

#### Mach 3.05 Runs

Data for the study was obtained from Mach 3.05 runs at 25,000 ft and 35,000 ft by an F-106 equipped with an instrumented cone plate which measured shock wave phenomena at various distances to the right of and below the test plane. Very high Mach number flows failed to yield any quantitative results because the trace was driven off the scale.

These plate plots reported that the shock wave (compressive) wave all need (irreversible) greater than that in the bow wave.

Aside from the possibility of release due to more energetic high speed loads on the tail surfaces.

#### Derivimeter Fills In for Calculus Training

Inventor of a derivimeter all low engineering side advanced calculus, to compute distance at slope of a curve at a given point with accuracy comparable to that obtained by usual methods.

Value of the curve is the curve is based on a single number.

Derivimeter consists of a flexible metal strip which can be adjusted to follow the shape of the curve. A light pointer is mounted on and perpendicular to the strip. It indicates the value and the position or negative sign of the derivative on a standard scale.

In using the instrument, grid lines are aligned with graph lines on a

chart or drawing. Scale, strip and pointer assembly is rotated so that center of strip is roughly tangent to the curve at the desired point. Strip is then adjusted to the slope of the curve by means of its screw.

Derivimeter, Scientific Instrument Co., 162 State St., Hartford 1, Conn., is the manufacturer.

#### Workshop is Scheduled for Training of Managers

A workshop for manager development has been scheduled for early 1957 at New York by Duxbury and Associates, Inc., Stamford, Conn.

The workshop, given 24 hours during the past three years, is intended to help develop managers more rapidly, thoroughly and economically than has been possible.

It has a broad-based program that, to make the individual aware of the needs of the company, himself and other people and trained, to equip the individual with skills to apply his resources of these needs.

The course extends over a period of ten weeks, with one two-hour session each week.

Further details: Dr. Bernard J. Conway, Duxbury and Associates, 420 Atlantic St., Stamford, Conn.

**Score Another FIRST FOR HARTWELL**

**HARTWELL** Flash Latches are the most complete... NOW they are on a single device built by Radiophase Co., a subsidiary of Northrup Aircraft, Inc.

The Radiophase RP-77 is constructed of rugged fibreglass laminate and the fastening screws incorporate HARTWELL Flash Latches.

New 77 design, a single latching device and gives full strength of composite line.

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# Data Processing Speeds Navy Air Supply

By George Christman

**Philadelphia**—Two new types of electronic equipment recently put into service at the Navy's Aviation Supply Office here—one a machine, the other a group of machines which form a network—allowing the office to streamline its cost procurement, distribution and inventory control operations.

ASD's inventory comprises almost a half million parts and the operation does an annual business of \$500 million.

The Navy's air arm operates about 75 different base models of aircraft, both jet and piston-engine powered, which caused 46 different models of engines of both types.

One unit is an International Business Machines 702 Electronic Data Processing Machine which digests questions of repair data and puts out key elements of information to pinpoint for the Navy what should be checked where and when, what parts are in inventory, or what supply and repair efforts face the Navy needs to keep its flying air arm operating at peak efficiency.

## Second Unit

The other unit, also an IBM product, is a transceiver, which is a modified card punch machine with a telephone signal attached. In one instance, one transceiver can transmit over a long line all the information contained on 31 punched cards. The receiving transceiver reproduces identical information on its cards. The system of electronic information transmission greatly expedites such jobs as stock status reporting. Previously, these were handled on one-part forms which were sent to destination through the mail—a time-consuming process cluttered with paperwork.

Current plan is to transmit shipment requests from the field to ASD each night. The requests will be working for the shipping clerk, but doing each morning.

Meantime, the requests would be processed that day and action documents sent to the field the following night, providing 24-hour service.

Prior to the 702A installation it took about 90 days for a man in the field to get an answer to his stock report. With the help of the 702, this time was sliced to 45 days except. Transmitting the 702 with the transceiver



NAVY's transceiver network includes 14 Naval Air Stations and Supply Depots. Entire network, feeding into Philadelphia, will be in operation by spring of 1957.



IBM 702 Electronic Data Processing Machine is type currently installed at Navy's Aviation Supply Office in Philadelphia. Newer 702 machine will replace it next year.

led to the computerization of our supply procedures. The support of the complex air supply the Navy has developed throughout the free world plus the high reliability of "punch" plates which are more solid and accurate than the old punch cards.

## Data Processing Machine

The electronic data processing machine streamlines the supply process through its mechanisms of inventory control. Navy officials said.

"The severe time pressure in aviation has

## HOW TO MAKE A RIGHT-ANGLE BEVEL GEAR

Need a right-angle gear drive? You can make one yourself. Here's all you need: a set of Coeflex® gears, a precision-cut housing, anti-friction bearings, and shaft extensions. Put these together, lubricate the unit for life, test it for quietness (noise means future trouble), and you have a right-angle drive. Too expensive, you say? That's why we would urge you to buy ANGLEgear, a compact, standardized take-off that has won the respect of designers everywhere.

\*Trademark: The Gleason Works, Rochester, N.Y.

Input Shaft Speed RPM	Input Torque Lb.-In.	HP	Output Speed RPM	Output Torque Lb.-In.	HP	Output Shaft Diameter In.	MT DIN
2,000 1/2 in.	2.5	1/8	1,000	400	1/8	1/8	1/8
2,000 1/2 3 in.	11.5	1/2	1,000	400	1/2	1/2	1/2
2,000 3/4 3 in.	22.5	1/2	1,000	400	1/2	1/2	1/2
2,000 1 3 in.	45	1	1,000	400	1	1	1
2,000 1 1/2 3 in.	67.5	1 1/2	1,000	400	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2
2,000 2 3 in.	90	2	1,000	400	2	2	2
2,000 2 1/2 3 in.	112.5	2 1/2	1,000	400	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
2,000 3 3 in.	135	3	1,000	400	3	3	3
2,000 3 1/2 3 in.	157.5	3 1/2	1,000	400	3 1/2	3 1/2	3 1/2
2,000 4 3 in.	180	4	1,000	400	4	4	4
2,000 4 1/2 3 in.	202.5	4 1/2	1,000	400	4 1/2	4 1/2	4 1/2
2,000 5 3 in.	225	5	1,000	400	5	5	5
2,000 5 1/2 3 in.	247.5	5 1/2	1,000	400	5 1/2	5 1/2	5 1/2
2,000 6 3 in.	270	6	1,000	400	6	6	6
2,000 6 1/2 3 in.	292.5	6 1/2	1,000	400	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
2,000 7 3 in.	315	7	1,000	400	7	7	7
2,000 7 1/2 3 in.	337.5	7 1/2	1,000	400	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
2,000 8 3 in.	360	8	1,000	400	8	8	8
2,000 8 1/2 3 in.	382.5	8 1/2	1,000	400	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2
2,000 9 3 in.	405	9	1,000	400	9	9	9
2,000 9 1/2 3 in.	427.5	9 1/2	1,000	400	9 1/2	9 1/2	9 1/2
2,000 10 3 in.	450	10	1,000	400	10	10	10
2,000 10 1/2 3 in.	472.5	10 1/2	1,000	400	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
2,000 11 3 in.	495	11	1,000	400	11	11	11
2,000 11 1/2 3 in.	517.5	11 1/2	1,000	400	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
2,000 12 3 in.	540	12	1,000	400	12	12	12
2,000 12 1/2 3 in.	562.5	12 1/2	1,000	400	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
2,000 13 3 in.	585	13	1,000	400	13	13	13
2,000 13 1/2 3 in.	607.5	13 1/2	1,000	400	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
2,000 14 3 in.	630	14	1,000	400	14	14	14
2,000 14 1/2 3 in.	652.5	14 1/2	1,000	400	14 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2
2,000 15 3 in.	675	15	1,000	400	15	15	15
2,000 15 1/2 3 in.	697.5	15 1/2	1,000	400	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
2,000 16 3 in.	720	16	1,000	400	16	16	16
2,000 16 1/2 3 in.	742.5	16 1/2	1,000	400	16 1/2	16 1/2	16 1/2
2,000 17 3 in.	765	17	1,000	400	17	17	17
2,000 17 1/2 3 in.	787.5	17 1/2	1,000	400	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
2,000 18 3 in.	810	18	1,000	400	18	18	18
2,000 18 1/2 3 in.	832.5	18 1/2	1,000	400	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
2,000 19 3 in.	855	19	1,000	400	19	19	19
2,000 19 1/2 3 in.	877.5	19 1/2	1,000	400	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
2,000 20 3 in.	900	20	1,000	400	20	20	20
2,000 20 1/2 3 in.	922.5	20 1/2	1,000	400	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
2,000 21 3 in.	945	21	1,000	400	21	21	21
2,000 21 1/2 3 in.	967.5	21 1/2	1,000	400	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2
2,000 22 3 in.	990	22	1,000	400	22	22	22
2,000 22 1/2 3 in.	1012.5	22 1/2	1,000	400	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
2,000 23 3 in.	1035	23	1,000	400	23	23	23
2,000 23 1/2 3 in.	1057.5	23 1/2	1,000	400	23 1/2	23 1/2	23 1/2
2,000 24 3 in.	1080	24	1,000	400	24	24	24
2,000 24 1/2 3 in.	1102.5	24 1/2	1,000	400	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2
2,000 25 3 in.	1125	25	1,000	400	25	25	25
2,000 25 1/2 3 in.	1147.5	25 1/2	1,000	400	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
2,000 26 3 in.	1170	26	1,000	400	26	26	26
2,000 26 1/2 3 in.	1192.5	26 1/2	1,000	400	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
2,000 27 3 in.	1215	27	1,000	400	27	27	27
2,000 27 1/2 3 in.	1237.5	27 1/2	1,000	400	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
2,000 28 3 in.	1260	28	1,000	400	28	28	28
2,000 28 1/2 3 in.	1282.5	28 1/2	1,000	400	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
2,000 29 3 in.	1305	29	1,000	400	29	29	29
2,000 29 1/2 3 in.	1327.5	29 1/2	1,000	400	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
2,000 30 3 in.	1350	30	1,000	400	30	30	30
2,000 30 1/2 3 in.	1372.5	30 1/2	1,000	400	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
2,000 31 3 in.	1395	31	1,000	400	31	31	31
2,000 31 1/2 3 in.	1417.5	31 1/2	1,000	400	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
2,000 32 3 in.	1440	32	1,000	400	32	32	32
2,000 32 1/2 3 in.	1462.5	32 1/2	1,000	400	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2
2,000 33 3 in.	1485	33	1,000	400	33	33	33
2,000 33 1/2 3 in.	1507.5	33 1/2	1,000	400	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
2,000 34 3 in.	1530	34	1,000	400	34	34	34
2,000 34 1/2 3 in.	1552.5	34 1/2	1,000	400	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
2,000 35 3 in.	1575	35	1,000	400	35	35	35
2,000 35 1/2 3 in.	1597.5	35 1/2	1,000	400	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
2,000 36 3 in.	1620	36	1,000	400	36	36	36
2,000 36 1/2 3 in.	1642.5	36 1/2	1,000	400	36 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
2,000 37 3 in.	1665	37	1,000	400	37	37	37
2,000 37 1/2 3 in.	1687.5	37 1/2	1,000	400	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
2,000 38 3 in.	1710	38	1,000	400	38	38	38
2,000 38 1/2 3 in.	1732.5	38 1/2	1,000	400	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
2,000 39 3 in.	1755	39	1,000	400	39	39	39
2,000 39 1/2 3 in.	1777.5	39 1/2	1,000	400	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2
2,000 40 3 in.	1800	40	1,000	400	40	40	40
2,000 40 1/2 3 in.	1822.5	40 1/2	1,000	400	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
2,000 41 3 in.	1845	41	1,000	400	41	41	41
2,000 41 1/2 3 in.	1867.5	41 1/2	1,000	400	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
2,000 42 3 in.	1890	42	1,000	400	42	42	42
2,000 42 1/2 3 in.	1912.5	42 1/2	1,000	400	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
2,000 43 3 in.	1935	43	1,000	400	43	43	43
2,000 43 1/2 3 in.	1957.5	43 1/2	1,000	400	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
2,000 44 3 in.	1980	44	1,000	400	44	44	44
2,000 44 1/2 3 in.	2002.5	44 1/2	1,000	400	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
2,000 45 3 in.	2025	45	1,000	400	45	45	45
2,000 45 1/2 3 in.	2047.5	45 1/2	1,000	400	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2
2,000 46 3 in.	2070	46	1,000	400	46	46	46
2,000 46 1/2 3 in.	2092.5	46 1/2	1,000	400	46 1/2	46 1/2	46 1/2
2,000 47 3 in.	2115	47	1,000	400	47	47	47
2,000 47 1/2 3 in.	2137.5	47 1/2	1,000	400	47 1/2	47 1/2	47 1/2
2,000 48 3 in.	2160	48	1,000	400	48	48	48
2,000 48 1/2 3 in.	2182.5	48 1/2	1,000	400	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
2,000 49 3 in.	2205	49	1,000	400	49	49	49
2,000 49 1/2 3 in.	2227.5	49 1/2	1,000	400	49 1/2	49 1/2	49 1/2
2,000 50 3 in.	2250	50	1,000	400	50	50	50
2,000 50 1/2 3 in.	2272.5	50 1/2	1,000	400	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
2,000 51 3 in.	2295	51	1,000	400	51	51	51
2,000 51 1/2 3 in.	2317.5	51 1/2	1,000	400	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
2,000 52 3 in.	2340	52	1,000	400	52	52	52
2,000 52 1/2 3 in.	2362.5	52 1/2	1,000	400	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
2,000 53 3 in.	2385	53	1,000	400	53	53	53
2,000 53 1/2 3 in.	2407.5	53 1/2	1,000	400	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
2,000 54 3 in.	2430	54	1,000	400	54	54	54
2,000 54 1/2 3 in.	2452.5	54 1/2	1,000	400	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
2,000 55 3 in.	2475	55	1,000	400	55	55	55
2,000 55 1/2 3 in.	2497.5	55 1/2	1,000	400	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2
2,000 56 3 in.	2520	56	1,000	400	56	56	56
2,000 56 1/2 3 in.	2542.5	56 1/2	1,000	400	56 1/2	56 1/2	56 1/2
2,000 57 3 in.	2565	57	1,000	400	57	57	57
2,000 57 1/2 3 in.	2587.5	57 1/2	1,000	400	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
2,000 58 3 in.	2610	58	1,000	400	58	58	58
2,000 58 1/2 3 in.	2632.5	58 1/2	1,000	400	58 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2
2,000 59 3 in.	2655	59	1,000	400	59	59	59
2,000 59 1/2 3 in.	2677.5	59 1/2	1,000	400	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/

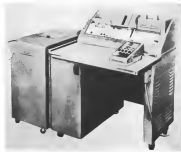
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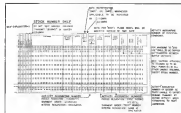
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The Navy has devised a program to replace the system which, in certain instances of national interest, the 702 helps to solve. It tells the Navy what spare parts to process and where to send them to help in situations of such a level that spare parts are available when needed, but the stock, some a year or outboarded with excess or obsolete parts. What the

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in the Pentagon comes a report of where even Naval supplies will be for the next several months.

Even maintenance officers throughout the Navy, make regular reports listing how often each aircraft part is used.

When these data are fed into the 702, it can "think ahead" and tell the Navy what supplies will be needed when and where. The machine can also tell procurement and supply personnel whether to buy new parts which are in short supply or whether to pull parts from another base which is over supplied.

After the 702 has digested all this wondrous data, it can determine what each base will need for the next year, months and what the entire Navy as a whole will need for the foreseeable future.

Aside from this type of report, the 702 produces other significant reports continuously.

Here are five examples:

- **Procurement and delivery** needed to sustain fighter's lead time for the part. Some items must be ordered 30 months in advance.
- **Report increasing** retention and disposal quantities. Because 702 tells the Navy the total quantities of parts which will be needed, commercial quantity purchases may be made. Also, if a part is obsolete, more can possibly now be made providing room for active stock.
- **Schedule for ending** spare parts to repair shops and sending spare parts to the shops so that they arrive on time with spare airplanes.
- **Catalogues** which give part lists and technical and engineering information.

The 702 which was put into operation at the beginning of the year, is obtaining considerable savings in other areas. Among them are:

- **Reduction** of the number of aircraft grounded for parts. Grounding can cost \$500 a day including the transportation to combat strength—potentially a much more valuable commodity.
- **Elimination** of much personnel at headquarters and in the field, thus releasing personnel for other, more productive jobs.
- **Increase** of per capita production during supply personnel.

#### 705 Next

The 702 machine has been so successful in its work at NSG that the Navy is planning to expand its use of electronic processing by installing five or six 705 electronic data processing machines—later, more advanced equipment in the advanced 702. It hopes to install the first by spring.

Now, into this example of the 705's advantages:

- 702 made its information, then writes

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## AVIONICS

# New Technique Offers SSB Alternative

By Philip J. Klein

Using a new technique for high frequency radio receiver design which provides most of the anticipated features of single sideband (SSB) long ranging amplitude modulation (AM) transmitters, now revealed here at the Second Annual Symposium on Avionics Communications.

The new technique reported by General Electric's Dr. John P. Costas, could eliminate the problem of equipment compatibility during any transition from AM to SSB, and it can be used to convert single sideband transmitters. GE has built and delivered to the Bendix Air Development Center a synchronous detection receiver which can handle AM, suppressed carrier AM, SSB, narrow-band FM, phase modulation and combinations now (CW) transmitters.

### Resists Jamming

When used with a single suppressed-carrier AM transmitter, a synchronous detection receiver has important safety advantages over SSB, Costas believes, because it can continue to operate for Doppler shift positions and is far less vulnerable to ocean jamming.

One further shortcoming of conventional AM long-distance III com-



**SYNCHRONOUS** Detection receiver uses new technique which gives conventional amplitude modulation (AM) many of the advantages of single sideband (SSB) in III com.

munications are eliminated or greatly eased by the use of synchronous detection, without any change in the conventional AM transmitter. One selective fading caused by atmospheric loss or loss of the carrier and the other is distortion due to phase/amplitude changes in the sidebands reaching

from multiple reflections.

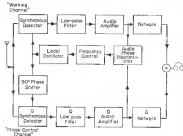
If a conventional AM transmitter is modified to fully suppress its carrier, and the carrier power is put into the two remaining sidebands, a synchronous detection receiver can match SSB in signal-to-noise ratio, based on equal average power at the transmission Center, said.

At the present stage of development a synchronous detection receiver is roughly comparable in size and weight to an equivalent SSB receiver. Costas said. However, potentially a synchronous detection receiver could be made somewhat smaller, lighter and less complex than an SSB equivalent. Costas believes. Synchronous detection has less loss in the golden rule and the bottom of the development leads and effort that have gone into SSB, Costas points out.

### Selective Fading

An undesirable characteristic of long-distance III communication under certain atmospheric conditions is the attenuation of a narrow band of frequency-related selective fading. If the attenuated frequencies correspond to the transmitted carrier frequency, it will be greatly weakened or lost. This occurs across loss of intelligibility as the receiver which needs the carrier for signal detection (demodulation).

The new synchronous detection re-



**SYNCHRONOUS** detection receiver has dual channels—one for radio and the other for phase control.

Block Rating					
Typ. No.	Approx.	Speed Range RPM	Approx. Watt	Approx. Volts-DC	Typ. of Use
2000	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2002	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2004	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2006	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2008	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2010	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2012	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2014	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2016	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2018	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2020	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2022	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2024	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2026	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2028	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2030	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2032	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2034	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2036	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2038	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2040	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2042	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2044	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2046	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2048	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2050	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2052	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2054	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2056	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2058	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2060	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2062	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2064	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2066	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2068	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2070	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2072	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2074	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2076	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2078	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2080	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2082	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2084	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2086	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2088	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2090	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2092	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2094	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2096	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2098	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—
2100	10	1000-1500	10,000	28	—

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er, like its SSB counterpart, does not need to use the carrier for detection. Instead the carrier is generated within the receiver by a frequency reference whose stability is comparable to that required for single sideband. Cortex used. (When working with a conventional AM transmitter, its carrier is not used.)

By eliminating the need for a transmitter timer, synchronous detection makes it possible for all transmitter power to go into the two intelligence-carrying sidebands. In single sideband, the power all goes into one sideband. Although this means that a receiver must detect within a narrower bandwidth, Costas believes that these are significant benefits which accrue as a direct result.

If the synchronous detector receives a too small effective use of the power that goes into the two sidebands, it must be able to add together the separate audio signals produced by the two sidebands. This requires that the phase relationship between the two sidebands and the receiver-generated carrier be identical to that of the transmitter (hence, the carrier is suppressed).

### Phase Control

CE's synchronous detector employs an intermediate frequency converter. The local oscillator-generated carrier frequency is injected into the detector to produce a demodulated audio output directly. In synchronous the phase of the receiver's local oscillator with that of the transmitter. CF makes use of the fact that a 90 deg. phase shift between the two will cause a null (insensitivity) in detector audio output.


CE therefore has built two identical channels both operating from the same input signal into its synchronous detection processor. (See block diagram, p. 58.) One channel, which might be termed the working channel, produces the absolute audio output signal. The other, or control channel, maintains the phase relationship between the local oscillator and the transmitting station's local oscillator.

This is accomplished by shifting the phase of the local oscillator signal by 90 deg. prior to injecting it into the control channel's synchronous detector. As long as the desired phase relation ship exists, there will be no audio output from the control channel.

However, an, loss of synchronism will produce an audio signal in the control channel. The signal's polarity, relative to the audio output of the working channel, will indicate the required direction of phase shift of the local oscillator relative to the transmitter. This polarity comparison is made in the audio phase discriminator which then shifts the local osci-

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A black and white photograph showing three fighter jets, likely F-15s, flying in a staggered formation over a rugged, mountainous landscape. The jets are seen from a high angle, with their wings and canards clearly visible. The terrain below is rocky and uneven, with some sparse vegetation. The overall tone is dramatic and emphasizes the power and speed of the aircraft.

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later back, says manufacturers.

This phase control function can operate with when one or both sidebands are present. Thus phase lock-up stage which transmits modulation errors and must be re-established when it returns. However, Contas says that locking normally occurs so fast that no perceptible distortion occurs in voice transmissions.

He reported that the voice transmission is not affected at some levels so high that short communications in a radio-free

### Diversity Features

In theory, phase and amplitude variations in one sideband relative to the other caused by multipath conditions in long-range communications in a position that doesn't exist for single sideband—should adversely affect a continuous detection receiver working with a double sideband transmission. However, tests to date indicate that such is not the case and manufacturers mention with double sideband detection, SSB performance and accuracy match it. Contas reported.

For example, on voice channels, a seven-fiber has been noted in SSB reception which was only slightly discernible in transmission detection reception of a simultaneous double sideband transmission. Contas said

Although that phenomenon is not fully understood, Contas expects that the two sidebands are providing a sort of frequency diversity. However, in that selective fading of one sideband does not reduce audio output as theoretically it could do with only a single sideband.

While phase shift of one sideband relative to the other occurs, Contas says the phase control action appears to adjust the local oscillator phase into synchrony. In an optimum value which minimizes radio distortion.

The problem of Doppler frequency shift in ground-air communications, which must because of impulse velocity, the main cause across problems to the other caused by multipath conditions, some type of controlled carrier system is used.

However, with two sidebands available, the simultaneous detection circuit can easily compensate for Doppler shift, Contas says.

### Anti-Jam Features

The control channel operating in phase synchrony with the receiving channel performs a useful, supported function—indication of interference and jamming. When the receiver is operating in transmission, the only output signal from the control channel will be interference (noise) received or jamming signals.

The sensing channel will have both the radio noise signal plus the interference signal. By suitable filtering, followed by a selective fit of the control channel output from the sensing channel output, the effect of radio noise can be greatly reduced, Contas says.

When "intelligence carrier jamming" is encountered, interference AM has a two-to-one power advantage over single sideband, Contas says.

In terms of receiver design features, Contas believes that manufacturers distributors offer engineering new possibilities to the receiver designer.

• Lack of intermediate frequency conversions completely the problem of image rejection in which single sideband receivers of conventional receivers.

• Extreme selectivity can be achieved because of post-detection filtering and bandwidth can be easily changed with low pass filter switching.

• Majority of receiver gain is achieved at audio frequencies. This allows a low pass filter to be inserted at low audio levels, protecting against spurious responses to very strong adjacent channel signals from nearby transmissions. AM receivers at least at a low level, and low-cost audio-frequency transmitters can be used easily.

Although the simultaneous detection techniques are not inherently superior with SSB, Contas believes that a improved carrier AM system will

with a simultaneous detection receiver may have several advantages over the highly touted SSB—particularly, for military systems where jamming and Doppler shift problems exist.

Contas admits that simultaneous communications offer no gain in the available bandwidth at channels in the crowded high frequency band, but he says that the improved 3-1 chm set gain of SSB was not realized in military, mobile and airborne use. Unless SSB equipment is kept to top operating conditions it may be a single sideband system in name only, Contas feels.

SSB equipment generally is considered to be more complex than conventional AM systems, and simultaneous AM with improved carrier can be less complex, transmission and reception.

Raised Air Development Contas has shown sufficient interest in the new technique to sponsor CTA's efforts and currently is conducting several experimental investigations. Meanwhile, CTA is making various military agencies and is working groups to develop them with the possibilities of simultaneous communications.

Contas believes that AM is the first choice. It has biggest short-coming is between an excellent use of generated power at the transmitter and inefficient detection methods at the receiver. Suppression of the loss carrier carrier eliminates that and its prime and simultaneous detection character the other Contas says.

To demonstrate the advantages of the new technique, CTA has made a tape recording of a "demonstration" (117th) from Australia using a receiver that could be modified from conventional AM to simultaneous detection or SSB.

Under adverse conditions, where one central AM produced a blank in intelligible signal, simultaneous detection provided a significant improvement. When the normal was switched from simultaneous detection to SSB, there was no detectable difference in signal reception or intelligibility.

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• Vacuum Tube Arrives—Carl Annenbacher, Administrator, has selected 44,000 vacuum tubes to keep on inventory operating during natural fiscal year. Tubes range in price from 22 cents to \$1,570. Total cost is approx. \$4.5 million. This one-time construction will share the business.

• Small, Simple, Cheaper—Stromberg-Carlson is now producing the advanced version of the 15-w. Chan-

## Fairchild Engine Division and Gas Turbine Laboratory present IMPORTANT ENGINEERING OPPORTUNITIES

Fairchild Engine Division is now expanding its engineering staffs in its plant and Gas Turbine Laboratory at Fort Park, Long Island, New York. Investigate these opportunities:

### MECHANICAL DESIGN ENGINEERS

For mechanical design of turbine engines and components, and to conduct preliminary design study investigations on gas turbine engines.

### MECHANICAL DESIGN ANALYTICAL ENGINEERS

To work closely with design engineers and to make recommendations as a result of analytical studies, with respect to stress analysis of high-speed rotating machinery, vibrations, air flow, cycle analysis, aerodynamics, analysis of mechanical component drawings and general structural problems.

### RESEARCH ENGINEERS

Advanced degree preferably in the fields of applied physics, chemistry, aerodynamics or applied mechanics. Also requires with experience in turbine dynamics, heat transfer, with high speed aircraft or wind tunnel testing.

### AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS ANALYSIS

Work on analysis of aircraft systems. Familiar with engine software design is plus for this position.

### DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERS

Aeronautical and Mechanical Engineers to plan, supervise and conduct development and production work on turbine engines and components.

### EQUIPMENT ENGINEERS

Familiar with mechanical test equipment in design, including high speed rotating machinery and engine components.

### ENGINE VIBRATIONS ENGINEERS

To determine the causes of vibrations stress and shock loads in test articles. Area of experience is concerned with turbine engine vibration characteristics supported with high speed rotating parts subject to high temperatures and high velocity loads.

And, Engineers with experience in other allied mechanical or mechanical fields such as:

Investment Engineers, Component Aerodynamics Designers, Performance Analysts Engineers, Engine Controls Engineers, Test Engineers, Inspection and Product Control Engineers, and Mechanical Design Layout Men.

Please Contact Felix Gordon



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## Συστήματα Όπλων

in Greek missile systems, and, with the exception of the Greek developed one of the earliest weapons systems. Particular ability, it reached the height of its effectiveness during the Middle Ages. Today's weapons systems are increasingly more complex than the ancient catapult. The main advantage of missile systems only the highly integrated engineering teams to keep pace with the changes. Combined with a progressive management policy, such a team is a relatively short time on schedule a goal that most look enviously.

At Bell there is both progressive management and creative engineering teams. With that years-ahead look Bell is concerned not only with today's problems but with tomorrow's solutions. Backed by years of successful missile development and management, Bell is now engaged in new programs in advanced missile design. The creative engineers, working in teams, are in an opportunity to work on a completely new weapons system. The qualified engineers with a B.S. or equivalent degree, Bell is offering positions where a high level of professional achievement may be attained.



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action cathode ray tube used in the so-called SAUCE system. The new 7-in. diameter Chicontron Type C7C11, has a 4-lb. square display area, can reproduce 13 million letters or more bits per minute, and is suitable for high-speed photograph recording. Strengthening Carbon which took over the Chicontron segment from General Animate General Dynamics division, recently shipped the first airborne weapons equipment produced at its new San Diego operation. The equipment is an amplifier for a stability superintendence system.

► **Double Odeon**—An order for 1 million gamma-ray diodes, placed by Logistics Research Inc., destination equipment maker with Hughes Aircraft Co. is called the "largest single diode order on record."

► **British Doppler Navigation**—British Marconi reports that it is producing an airborne Doppler navigation system for British and Commonwealth governments and has been in production for more than two years. First limited information released, Marconi Type AD 1800 navigation system, similar to those developed in the U.S. by such companies as General Electric, General Precision Laboratory and Ryan Associates.

► **Control Station Computer**—Marine Corps electronic airborne digital computer, aimed at performing many of the administrative functions for control operations required in a fighter plane, will soon be delivered by Helms to Naval Air Development Center, Johnsville, Pa., for evaluation. Helms' model Navy Helms open workshop the new Helms "Tactical" computer is "real time" employs direct-coupled circuits which are transmitters and receivers almost simultaneously.

► **Black Through ECM**—General Electric has developed a new 1-lb. UHF transmitter capable of transmitting in these areas used for ground-to-air communications, which would make Air Force communications less vulnerable to enemy jamming. Developed by GE's Navy Mobile Electronic Equipment Dept. under Rome Air Development Center sponsorship, the amplifier quadruplet reportedly has less than 2 of 10 modulation-modulating it for a possible future in the High Frequency marketplace.

► **Omni-Scan**—The new barbed wire radar scanning system announced in the August 27 article on Northrop SA-6000 (p. 72) in the RA/AN system, manufactured by Helms, Research and Development, Inc.

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## Expansions, Changes In Avionics Industry

General Electric, with headquarters in the famed Lockheed Martin Planting Operations (TEMPO) at Santa Barbara, Calif. The group, headed by Dr. Richard C. Rosemond, will do long-range technical planning and study work for GE's Defense Electronics Division and its five departments as well as taking on outside projects beyond the scope of its own department. TEMPO is temporarily located at 112 North Milpitas St. but plans to build a new facility.

Other recently announced acquisitions, changes and mergers in the avionics industry include:

- **Aerobics Instruments Laboratory, Menlo Park, N. Y.**, has acquired Mountain Systems Inc., Thousand Oaks, N. Y., through a stock exchange. The new acquisition, which will be operated as a separate and wholly owned affiliate, is engaged in the data processing field.

- **Navco Electronics Co., Baltimore**, has purchased Radio Frequency Airplane Consultants, College Park, Md., which has been operating the Navco Microwave Co. The new organization will remain at its present location and will expand its work in microwave communications. Warner Koppell and William H. Clark, partners and senior engineers in the new acquisition, have been named vice presidents of research and engineering respectively.

- **Coker Telecommunications, Inc.**, has moved from San Carlos, Calif. to a new 30,000 sq. ft. facility at 1421 Oak Canyon Rd., Redwood, Calif., tripling its facilities. Coker operates, sells, installs and services test equipment and special-purpose fixtures. Coker's test equipment is sold in over 15 countries to reach 35 million annually, with a three-fold increase in completion.

- **Standard Industries, Inc.**, a state of the art communications firm which has some divisions of the same company. They include: General Manufacturing Division (maker of guns and avionics components); Electric Testing Machine Division; and Electro-Technical Laboratory Division, maker of geological oil exploration equipment. General's current work at its present St. Louis location under its present management, James R. Lowe, is division of Maryland's Board and James T. Conner is vice president and managing director. George Quast, Louis W. Greenblatt and A. G. Carter complete the Board.

- **Aeroflex, Inc.**, Carlsbad, Calif., will open a new manufacturing facility at Bedford Ave. New facility is expected to attract about 100

## Throughout the West



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with the right facilities  
produce the right solutions**



Results of project discussed in the paper presented with a live head-on collision of two microwaves (as examined in the Microwave Physics Laboratory) from left: Laboratory Manager, G. T. Wadsworth; Dr. R. M. Hill, senior project leader, project director, Dr. P. H. Vignone, senior project leader, project, and Dr. A. L. Allen, senior laboratory manager.



The new Sylvania Microwave Physics Laboratory, Mountain View, California



Frequency doubling in its state, a phenomenon newly discovered at Sylvania Microwave Physics Laboratory, as indicated by engineer A. L. Allen.

## More problem-solving power... Sylvania's new Microwave Physics Laboratory

NEW PROBLEM-SOLVING POWER has been added to Sylvania's proven capability for research and development in highly advanced military and industrial electronic systems.

With the establishment of the Microwave Physics Laboratory at Mountain View, Calif., Sylvania is expanding its work in new magnetic materials and novel gamma rays for microwave electronic control devices and systems.

By radio, communications, and electronic components.

Fields of research at the laboratory include magnetic devices, quantum electronics, radio wave propagation, electromagnetic resonance phenomena in liquids and solid-state materials.

Under the new Microwave Physics Laboratory, the Microwave Tube Laboratory and the Electronic Dallas Laboratory are also located in Mountain View.

Each is a vital part of Sylvania's Microwave Systems Division.

In addition to the Mountain View Laboratory, the Electronic Systems Division has plant and laboratory facilities at Buffalo, New York, and extensive research facilities at Waltham, Massachusetts. All are staffed with top-ranking scientists and engineers, backed by Sylvania's extensive resources in the electronics field.

### SYLVANIA IS LOOKING FOR ENTERPRISING ENGINEERS

Sylvania has many opportunities in a wide range of defense projects. If you are not now engaged in defense work, you are invited to contact Edward W. Dwyer, Manager of Personnel, Electronic Systems Division, Sylvania Electric Products Inc., 180 First Avenue, Waltham 54, Mass.



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A career engineer can cash in on his creativity at Westinghouse in Baltimore. Coleman J. Miller, an advisory engineer, has already received checks for \$5,000 and \$5,000 in patent awards from the company.

**FROM EXPERIENCE LEADS TO PROMOTIONS**—Mr. Miller, like his fellow West engineers, has worked on a wide range of projects. He has worked as design engineer on nuclear powerplants, gas turbines, jet engines, gas plants, refineries, railroads, steamships and aircraft equipment. He was made a supervisory engineer in 1977 and a refinery engineer in 1983.

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## BUSINESS FLYING



**Edgar Percival E.P.9** agricultural plane carries one ton, costs about \$25,000. Planned 1957 production is 150



**Auster Agricola** loads 1,500 lb. of fertilizer. Designed for New Zealand operations, 15 are being built.



**Dornier DO-27** STOL multipurpose plane takes 295 lb. for takeoff, loads in 52 ft. Initial production is going to Canadian army, civilian models will be available in 1957. Army version has a 270-hp. Lycoming. Later version will have a 325-hp. Continental engine.





## APL-An Organization Of And For Technical Men And Scientists

The Applied Physics Laboratory, (APL) of the Johns Hopkins University is an organization of and for technical men and scientists. APL is organized as a horizontal basic responsibility and authority area given to equal measure. Scientists and technical men occupy all decision-making positions, because our only objective is technical progress.

Because of its predominantly professional character, APL has kept in the vanguard, having pioneered the pioneering team, the first super-sound range engine, the Navy's Beechcraft family of vehicles which includes the THERIE, TALON and TARTAN, and is presently attempting look-throughs on very early important fronts.

Designing a site equivalent from Washington, D. C. and Baltimore, Maryland, APL's new laboratories allow staff members to select urban, suburban or rural living, and status of these contributing members of nature as a focal point for the living, scientific approach involving with those of other R & D organizations.

### OPENING NEXT IN:

**DEVELOPMENT.** Stability and control analysis; engine design; preliminary design and wind-tunnel testing.

**RESEARCH.** Interference and heat transfer phenomena; internal aerodynamics; hypersonic, turbulent, shock wave phenomena; calculations.

Write for complete information. Your letter will be answered promptly, in detail.

Write: Professional Staff Appointment

The Johns Hopkins University  
Applied Physics Laboratory

3442 George Avenue, Silver Spring, Md.

## WHO'S WHERE

(Continued from page 21)

### Changes

**Boise Springs, general manager:** Clay C. Anderson, Aircraft Division, San Gabriel, Calif. Mr. Spauld will continue as chief engineer.

**A. H. Ogden, technical consultant:** East Point Corp., Aviation Department, New York, N. Y. Also F. G. Reynolds, Technical Service Division head, and J. P. Aiken, Field Service Division head, Republic Aviation Division.

**William H. Hayles, manager/pilot:** also team McDonnell Aircraft Corp., St. Louis, Mo.

**Robert D. Macfield, commercial division manager:** Aviation Department, Shell Oil Co., New York, N. Y.

**Robert K. Beards, director management engineering:** Trans World Airlines.

**Robert E. Wicks, director manager:** Wicks, Ken, General Division, Los Angeles, Santa Monica, Calif.

**Richard F. Fries, chief manager:** Group 1, Conair, manager contracts, and J. Donald Hahn, application engineer, Washington Office, Eastman Motor, Inc., Danville, N. Y.

**Leonard F. Connors, cargo sales manager (U.S.):** Pan American World Service. **Richard P. Thornton, marketing manager:** aircraft and ground service, Amphlett Electronics Corp., Chicago, Ill.

**R. D. Ramsey, chief engineering:**



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**Norfolk Hydroplan Division, Hydroplan Industries, Inc., Bedford, N. Y.**  
**C. M. Doolittle, manager:** for Bristol Aircraft, Inc., Agawam, Virginia, Plymouth and City.

**H. T. Dietrich, assistant to the president:** a new, Washington, D. C. representative, General Aircraft Corp., Stamford, Conn.

**Franklin Cummings, director mechanical products development:** Section head, Micro Inc., Chicago, Los Angeles, Calif.

**Ray E. Hansen, assistant data processing and scheduling:** General Electric Light Military Electronics Equipment Dept., Chicago, N. Y. Also George B. Hunt, sales representative.

**Bruce H. Abner, sales manager:** Photo America Corp., Los Angeles, Calif.

**Ray Wilson, senior business manager:** West Air Lines, Inc.

**John F. Brando, assistant sales manager:** Hamilton Standard, division of United Aircraft Corp., Windsor Locks, Conn. Also Alfred E. Thacker, regional M. Brando as Dayton representative, and Morgan Jones, regional M. Thacker as chief sales engineer.

**William G. May, distributor and service:** Maritime Corp., Los Angeles, Calif.

**Frank L. Kelly, manager:** newly established Indianapolis, Ind., district office of Nagra Machine and Tool Works, Buffalo, N. Y.

**Neil E. Roberts, assistant to general manager:** Flight Tact Ltd., Inc.

**M. R. Perry, manager of newly opened:** Pasadena, Calif. office of Clark-Alten Co., Los Angeles.

**William M. Nye, manager:** Atlanta, Ga., branch of Air Associates, Inc.

**William G. Wehler, chief engineer:** Cleveland Division, Eastern Aircraft Co., Los Angeles, Calif.

**Al Brindley, Sales Department:** Sub-Pac Instrument Co., White Plains, N. Y.

**Robert S. Babb, manufacturing development:** ACF Industries, Inc., St. Charles, Mo.

**G. Z. Zucchinetti, manufacturing and distribution:** and Charles H. Knauer, field sales manager, Aviation Products division, R. P. Conair Co., Akron, Ohio.

**R. J. McManus, controller:** assistant to the general manager. Also M. McManus, controller, Chester T. Babb, new general manager of the company's Florida office. Also Paul E. Chapman, controller M. McManus as purchasing manager.

**Wally A. Fielder, regional:** is a research and development post-engineering. All-United Design Division, Lockheed Missile Systems Division, San Jose, Calif.

**F. E. LeBlond, senior design engineer:** central equipment, General Electric Light Military Electronics Equipment Dept., Utica, N. Y.

**James J. Abner, director engineering:** and George Hawk, director product approach, Technical Engineering Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Also Gerald J. Babb, director technical engineering, and Robert K. Brown, director product manufacturing.

**Gay Miley, manager:** Model 520 Navy Department, Cross Aircraft Co., Wichita, Kan.

**John Puley, director:** newly formed Marketing Department, Gen Hydroplan, Inc., Jamaica, N. Y.

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carbon, coke and varnish collects around rings and valve stems. Eliminates harmful deposits in the combustion chambers. And keeps engine cleaner under all kinds of operating conditions.

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New Series D effects even unusually tough lubrication film, too. Cuts down on engine parts abrasion. The result? Far lower operating and maintenance cost! For safe engine performance!

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translating technical requirements of customers into practical design for Rohr production.

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The design engineer at Rohr is engaged primarily in the tremendous field of power packages and power plant components, plus related structural design... the translation of theoretical into production design with consideration for serviceability, function, materials, and integrity encompassing all engineering factors that enter into design of the complete aircraft unit.

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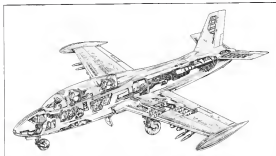
And, of course, lovely Chula Vista, California, located on beautiful San Diego Bay, often you and your family the wonderful, outdoor, semi-tropical living you've dreamed of.

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Please enclose full resume and we will answer at once. J.L. Hobel, Industrial Relations Manager, Rohr Aircraft Corp., Chula Vista, California, Dept. 32.



CHULA VISTA AND BREVARD, CALIFORNIA



ARABED with bombs, machine guns and rockets, Macchi M.B. 326A carries combat student through cockpit and attack training circuits.

## Macchi Builds Versatile Jet Trainer

Prototype of a new light jet trainer designed to perform primary and basic missions is being built for the Italian Air Force by Aeritalia Macchi, Varese, Italy. The company also has advanced various plans capable of carrying out combat and ground attack training.

The Macchi M.B. 326 two-place tandem fighter is being fitted with cabin pressurization to permit high-altitude navigation training at 35,000-38,500 ft and is designed to instructive students with one possible glider variant having a Mach 0.8 speed limit. Starting a 40-deg dive at 110 mph at 29,500 ft keeps the M.B. 326 to its initial Mach number at 21,600 ft and its Mach limit at approximately 19,500 ft.

### Design Speed

When fitted with two 30-cyl machine guns and various loads of rockets and bombs, the airplane is designated M.B. 326A. This model has a design top speed of 404 mph at sea level at a gross weight of 5,915 lb. 225 lb. less than the M.B. 326.

The plane not designed around the 7,710-lb thrust Avon 508 turbojet. Subsequent Viper engine development later version will have a 7,700-lb thrust engine.

A top-mounted wing plan tapered to plan and thickness is used. Landing flap is swept 11 deg. 35 mm., leading

edge is straight. Aerfoil is of the NACA 5-A laminar flow series. Wing mounted a 6,213 ft., aspect ratio is 5.26 and tip airfoil is 1-71. Gross wing area is 204.3 sq ft.

Wing structure is basically of single spar type with the center section built integral with the fuselage. Ribs are closely spaced with an average stiff cross.

Fuselage is a monocoque structure comprising short forward bulkheads and four main beams. Horizontal and vertical stabilizer are of a two-piece structure with single spar elements, the latter actively balanced and fitted with servo and trim tabs. Vertical tail is of similar construction.

### Tip Tanks

Each system tank's 225 G. is pylons carried in a two-component flexible cell behind the cockpit and above the engine intake. Auxiliary pneumatic wing tip tanks, each carrying 42 U.S. gallons, supply the main tanks by means of compressed air tapped from the propeller.

They preheat high-temperature air is applied to the cockpit from a heat exchanger and provides air flow atmosphere from sea to 9,500 ft. The maximum of 9,500 ft. altitude from that height to 38,500 ft. and a pressure differential of 1.15 lb./sq. ft. above 20,000 ft.

The cockpit canopy is totally retractable, being extended by hand or from the engine compressor.

The M.B. 326 has a hydraulic system to operate landing gear, wing flaps, undercarriage door, wheel brakes and locking of the 30-cyl machine guns.

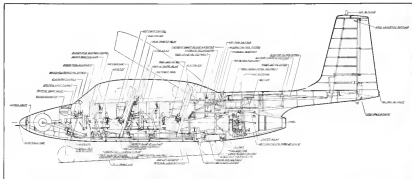
Electric system comprises two 24-v. 17-amp/hr accumulators connected in parallel.

### MACCHI M. B. 326

#### Specifications

Span	32.6 ft.
Length	37.7 ft.
Gross weight	5,915 lb.*
Empty weight	3,054 lb.
Top speed at sea level	404 mph*
Top speed at 29,500 ft.	449 mph*
Maximum speed, 35 deg. down	52 mph*
Rate of climb, sea level	3,011 ft./min.*
Range, with drop tanks	
at 29,500	705 mi.*
Gross max to clear 50 ft.	
altitude	2,145 ft.*
Landing run over 50 ft.	
altitude	2,035 ft.*

\* Figures relate to M.B. 326A armed version of M.B. 326. Models note that performance of later is higher due to it being a gross weight 225 lb. less than M.B. 326.



FOO-BAR-BOOM FUSELAGE is placed to allow installation of more powerful engines when available, to ease such changes, personnel

are does not comprise the primary structure,

## Temco Achieves Simplicity, Economy in

By Edwin J. Bellan

Delmar-Temco TT-1 jet primary trainer for the U. S. Navy combines construction simplicity, light weight and low cost with a wide speed range that permits students to be checked out at speeds up to Mach 75.

It was developed and built entirely with Temco "Incast" Cast-Inch, built-in production airplane of a constant fat 14 is scheduled to be delivered next July, and on completion of the airplane production program is the contract's dollar volume approximates \$2 million.

The basic design of the Temco TT-1 used an upstanding, a-fairly and length as possible cockpit layout common to single-place jet fighters—hence the tandem seating arrangement. This viewpoint differs from USAF, which has gone to the side-by-side seating philosophy as in the Cessna T-37A.

### Cockpit Layout

Cockpit equipment closely follows the pattern of combat-type aircraft. Fueling system with a liquid oxygen system, edge-lighted check list

## Jet Trainer

on the panel, speed brakes and trim tabs

switches on the control stick. Instructors and student are placed well ahead of the wings, providing the instructor with excellent visibility for monitoring the air and giving him a good view in front of him to take over the controls on landing or takeoff or in flying or simulated traffic patterns.

Cockpits have a "hot seat" intercom providing continuous monitoring. The instructor may monitor all instruments, or radio communications, engine heat at will. Controls are operated by push-pull mechanical linkages.

Spring tabs are fitted to the ailerons to reduce hinge moments and electricals operated from this are provided on elevator and left aileron. Electrical override features allow the instructor to take over operation of the trim tabs and the tail mounted speed brakes at will. A wing loaded switch on right side of the cockpit permits seats to be adjusted up and down over a range of 48 in.

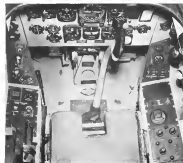
The dual-bubble cockpit canopy is trim and adjustable. Trim screws and adjuster assemblies, Temco engineers utilize the lower tube of the canopy as an air cylinder, the upper tube



ACCESS TO ENGINE (above) is obtained by removing two pieces of casting (below) that with quick remove latches



SUPPORT ITEMS for continuous intake engine daily that serves to wash steel and heat



TT-1 COCKPIT has simplified instrument layout. Radio pods are adjusted by a control





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bells made up of measurable panels to allow complete access to the hydraulic and control systems.

Wings themselves comprise a main spar at 18% chord made up of web and reinforced caps riveted and of constant section. The rear spar is of semi-inverted bell type. Flap sections between downstream panels are used between the spars along the outer wing in upper portion, from the sheet walls outward inboard.

Flap sections extend a slot used for leading edges is wing center section and the wheel doors. Molded reinforced plates in the slots used in the TT-1 wings, stabilizer tips, tail cone and the engine section.

First section holding 124 gal., is carried in rubber cells in the leading edge of the wing center section and in three cells between the spars in the outer wings. Evaluation model may have two cells in the outer wings, Brooks stated. The TT-1 will be able to make approximately 13 touch-and-go landings during one flight. Endurance is estimated at 1 1/2 hr.

Landing gear is designed for sink rate of 30 ft., rugged enough to permit cross operations, according to Towson. The main gear strut locks between the spars in two hinges made up of bent dragbars, one hinge on the inner spar, the other on a fair pin ahead of the rear spar.

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## SAFETY

IATA Technical Committee Report:

# Advent of Jets Dominates IATA Planning



ANGELINE VERMEILWE, IATA technical committee chairman



CAPT. J. W. G. JAMES, IATA technical committee member



RAYMOND DUPUIS, IATA technical committee member

(Because of the importance of the technical committee's work, it is possible for the IATA Technical Committee report issued by the IATA Technical Committee at the 12th general meeting in Edinburgh, 1965, to be the first report to appear next week.)

As acting chairman of the Technical Committee, it is my duty to report to you on the technical activities we have pursued during the past year. Under normal circumstances, this would be an occasion on which I would deliver one of the plenary talks to you on safety and, while I do not feel I should do so, I am, like all our technical colleagues, saddened by the fact that we have not had the opportunity to do so.

Which has already been on the subject of the IATA's contribution to the development of our aviation and, in fact, in the past, I have said that it is not only the fact that we have not had the opportunity to do so, but also the fact that we have not had the opportunity to do so.

So far in the studies of our technical committee, we have not had the opportunity to do so. In fact, we have not had the opportunity to do so. In fact, we have not had the opportunity to do so.

This is a very natural and desirable state of affairs and one which I am sure will be met with most confidence over the next year as a solid aspect of our overall operations which we mentioned to you in my Report on the past year. It is a very natural and desirable state of affairs and one which I am sure will be met with most confidence over the next year as a solid aspect of our overall operations which we mentioned to you in my Report on the past year.

...in the technical committee's work to strengthen the position of the IATA Technical Committee and to ensure that it is able to do so.

The 1965 AGM, therefore, was not only a success for the IATA Technical Committee, but also a success for the IATA Technical Committee. It was a success for the IATA Technical Committee, but also a success for the IATA Technical Committee.

We have been faced to recognize a further significant task in our technical work, especially in planning for the future, and that is that we cannot work alone, but must work with other organizations, such as the IATA Technical Committee, to ensure that we are able to do so.

### Technical Conference

This is particularly so with regard to matters which, as both airlines and civil aviation, we are faced with. In fact, we are faced with matters which, as both airlines and civil aviation, we are faced with.

Over the past year, the IATA Technical Committee has been faced with a number of technical matters which, as both airlines and civil aviation, we are faced with. In fact, we are faced with matters which, as both airlines and civil aviation, we are faced with.

The technical committee's work is a very natural and desirable state of affairs and one which I am sure will be met with most confidence over the next year as a solid aspect of our overall operations which we mentioned to you in my Report on the past year. It is a very natural and desirable state of affairs and one which I am sure will be met with most confidence over the next year as a solid aspect of our overall operations which we mentioned to you in my Report on the past year.

the majority of our technical activities and the role of the IATA Technical Committee in ensuring that it is able to do so. In fact, we are faced with matters which, as both airlines and civil aviation, we are faced with.

### AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL

The IATA Technical Committee's work is a very natural and desirable state of affairs and one which I am sure will be met with most confidence over the next year as a solid aspect of our overall operations which we mentioned to you in my Report on the past year. It is a very natural and desirable state of affairs and one which I am sure will be met with most confidence over the next year as a solid aspect of our overall operations which we mentioned to you in my Report on the past year.

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## SAFETY

Rose is now conducted by ICAN Techno of Amsterdam, Spain.

The conference considered that the ATC systems in 15 to 20 years that will not be fundamentally different in their aims from those used today, but that the increasing speed and density of traffic will require a spectacular increase in the speed of one-dimensional and an increasing number of dimensions on the part of the pilot and the operator.

The kind for greater speed of communication to enable contact between controller and aircraft in a fraction of a second is a difficult problem situation in the ATC, of today, because now have considered as a number of countries. The conference strongly recommended that these standard data transfer and signaling systems be subjected to large-scale simulation exercises, preferably by the joint efforts of states, in order to prove out these complex arrangements as fully as possible before they are put into actual service.

## Area, Not Range

The conference discussed at length the competition and presentation of computerized information on aircraft and discussed the necessity for getting into the cockpit the type of information which would give the pilot a visual interpretation of his place in the ATC scheme.

While the conference noted that all enhanced aircraft need such widespread of ground stations could be made available for civil use in the next few years, it pointed out that neither here nor not had any as present with them, and they will thus actually have to be looked upon as a couple years to the present status of ground-based aids.

Major of the existing control area of up to a single national base are continued and extended to the north of aircraft operations based on actual existing clearances through one such as a single period into the next. Below the clearance can be controlled. These necessary small area size, necessary demands for continuous safety and data transfer between adjacent control centers.

In dealing with the same approach as part of ATC, the technical conference made three recommendations for safety, cost and

• **Feasible automation of automatic control systems for continuous position during present ATC procedures can be supported by an extended philosophy and procedures, and control systems, in the dissemination of data by spreading the transmission and recording, and in increasing a standardized position reporting procedure for pilots.**

• **Regardless of its technique, present radar as one of the key tools, with which ATC has been provided to meet the needs for the increasing separation between aircraft to provide equivalent handling of traffic and ATCA should do everything possible in its capacity to study development of an inter-nationally agreed and compatible system of secondary radar.**

• **In those cases where the frequency of position reports and marginal accuracy, obtainable present, large actual separations between may be reduced and the load of random reporting cut. Approval and study by state studies**

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## SAFETY

Of these possibilities were proposed and will be undertaken.

• In areas where congestion exists, air traffic controllers should be subject to regulations by air traffic control, even as further restrictions, such as flight rules, to that the position of all aircraft in the airspace concerned will be known and can be provided for.

• At an additional measure, airlines should report operations in the use of anti-collision lights on their aircraft, even as they are subject to the same regulations as to the position of operational aircraft, to be the subject of any other means and more should come to the bearing of aircraft in such proximity.

• No aircraft should be permitted to come closer than 500 ft. to an aircraft, whether for the purpose of operational aircraft, to be the subject of any other means and more should come to the bearing of aircraft in such proximity.

• Due to the fact that traffic patterns are not well held place in the traffic pattern of commercial higher altitudes, the development of a system of air traffic control, to be the subject of any other means and more should come to the bearing of aircraft in such proximity.

• Detailed study is required, needed to determine whether the measures and existing patterns provided for, to be the subject of any other means and more should come to the bearing of aircraft in such proximity.

## VERTICAL SEPARATION

One aspect of the trend toward air traffic control with which I have not put doubt is that of ensuring adequate vertical separation between aircraft.

As you know, the basic rule of Air Traffic Control is to effect a safe, orderly flow of traffic at all times and under all weather conditions. In part, this involves a requirement for the maintenance of adequate vertical separation between aircraft.

In the air, the flight stage and in the case prior to landing, aircraft are required to flight levels separated by a vertical interval of 1,000 ft. and steps are taken to ensure that sufficient horizontal separation is maintained between aircraft flying in the same flight level. This will come to be relaxing to the vertical distance between flight levels I have not the "normal" separation of 1,000 ft. and steps are taken to ensure that sufficient horizontal separation is maintained between aircraft flying in the same flight level.

Even though the pilots of two aircraft may be flying on the same level, it is in the case of 1,000 ft. and steps are taken to ensure that sufficient horizontal separation is maintained between aircraft flying in the same flight level.

Even though the pilots of two aircraft may be flying on the same level, it is in the case of 1,000 ft. and steps are taken to ensure that sufficient horizontal separation is maintained between aircraft flying in the same flight level.

Very accurate altimeters which are in public measuring the distance of an aircraft above ground level, or, of course, level, are not used as in the case of 1,000 ft. and steps are taken to ensure that sufficient horizontal separation is maintained between aircraft flying in the same flight level.

The altimeter is still used in the case of 1,000 ft. and steps are taken to ensure that sufficient horizontal separation is maintained between aircraft flying in the same flight level.



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#### SAFETY

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Several of the new loads of jet transports and rotary turboprop aircraft as well, will be capable of operating at maximum range over distances longer than possible with current transports. Their range, such as those flown today, the biggest new jets will take off at less than the maximum weights, and the length of present runways at many more airports will be adequate. However, some airports now become terminals for one-stop refueling services are longer runs than this, new airports and self-landing need longer runways. Self-landing may mean in-built systems for very long range non-stop international flights of 1000 or more nautical miles, and in all probability, will require additional runway lengths. However, such terminals will be few in number.

Airframe strength and engine protection strength requirements will be about the same as for current transports. Because of the load distribution characteristics of fast wheel dual tandem main landing gear, new aircraft will possess satisfactory landing present airports can, which reinforced over the loading of the big new jets at their maximum gross weights.

Good wheel landing characteristics will be equal to or will be more satisfactory than those of civil transports now in operation.

The role of clouds of the jet transports will be higher than that of current travel aircraft.

Turbine engine exhaust temperatures and exhaust patterns are relatively benign. While they are high at the engine nozzle, they dissipate rapidly with distance.

#### Deliberate Danger

Turbine engines, unfortunately, are very susceptible to damage from debris entering the engine intake. Stones and other foreign objects, long on movement surfaces, can be harmful to turbojet propellers due to their turning at high speeds. This causes turbine damage propellers. These dangers begin on the occasion of maintenance attention to surface sweeping and clearing of runways, taxiways, aprons, etc. Aircraft arriving landing continue to the problem by accidentally depending on the runway and rapid parking and a great deal of understanding will be necessary by all concerned.

What effort will these characteristics have upon airport land and design?

Considering that a modern heavy duty runway with its associated drainage, taxiway and the like, may cost as much as \$1000 a foot or \$1 million for each 1,000 ft., an existing land route, it becomes clear that specific airport requirements must be studied on a local basis. Operators will be obliged therefore to present their needs to the local authorities who react in turn to the extent of the variables of all the persons placed behind making their decisions about a particular place. No general

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## SAFETY

and inherent risk is possible, some requirements will vary for a particular aircraft, the stage lengths involved, the aircraft's operating conditions, including the fuel system, and the specific model, the performance code to which the state of safety will require the aircraft to be operated, etc.

We have explained the subject of flying these requirements as seen in the context possibly be discussed because at least two years is needed between the time the requirements are stated and the time the aircraft is in operation can be met approximately.

In some cases, states will find it necessary to specify, to provide all the paved runway length which would be desirable. From the operational performance point of view, this can be partially increased (depending upon how long an extension is necessary), by meeting the use of a "stopper" at the end of a runway. This is an area beyond the end of a runway in the direction of take-off, selected in preparation to a suitable area in which an aircraft can be stopped after an interrupted take-off. The runway is divided from the fact that the part of the aerodynamic distance not required for the take-off will be used very rarely and may, therefore, be converted into a suitable area in which an aircraft can be stopped after an interrupted take-off.

A stopper should be in position or not moved as to make the aircraft to come to a stop on it in emergency cases and without hazard at the operating speeds that might be expected at this area after an interrupted take-off. One should be clear, however, that the presence of a stopper does not reduce the state of the security of providing an adequate length of runway for the safe landing of the aircraft; the runway is extended in some.

## Variety of Systems

While in already implied, most airports should be able to meet varying requirements, and facilities are varied according to the variety of systems which are in use for emergency-landed aircraft, which is a variable containing permanent strength. States generally specify either a minimum permitted all-up weight or an all-up weight which has to be without an associated fuel provision. The former is generally required to be satisfactory, and while the latter is an improvement as it is more exact of the variables which must be taken into account.

In comparison, the situation can vary, and so far, few states, where an aircraft is not allowed to operate, an aspect that is already being used by another type, which, in fact, imposes a greater load on the pavement, but at a lower all-up weight is not considered single wheel load. In some cases, no data whatever is available as to airport strength. The only way of avoiding situations such as this in the future is to extend to distances a number of airports, the potential information which should be available at airports regarding the bearing capacity of pavements. In all probability, this will be decided at the NCA Council a few months hence.

It appears that turbine aircraft will not require better runways. In fact, there are now some discussions and their measurement.

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#### SAFETY

we have led us to believe that a width of 120 ft. will be adequate, provided that such runway are equipped with sensors or embedded shoulders strong enough to support an aircraft without harm to it should it happen to go off the edge of the runway. However, where runways of the order of 12 ft. are frequently encountered, it may be necessary to provide additional means to reduce the existing runway. In special cases, such as the entrance of high speed lands, runway wider than 150 ft. may also be needed.

The flight paths of the new generation of aircraft make it appear that alternative changes to the existing ICAD formula will be required.

The jet effect of civil transport aircraft will not cause deterioration of conventional runway and apron surfaces and, therefore, no special treatment of these surfaces will be required. Small amounts of jet fuel may possibly be spilled at parking bays, e.g. after taxiing, and this must receive effect in the determination of lubrication surface.

Taxiway widths of not less than 75 ft. should be planned. Surface cracking and chipping of surfaces greater than the minimum will be needed, owing to low porosity class areas of taxiway, apron and tarmac, fitted with such in special that they extend beyond the edges of the runway. For instance, of concrete, it would appear necessary that such additional widths should be shown to any particular lead bearing capacity, but they should be sufficient.

There is a requirement for high speed load of runway, even at low density air ports, as the increase of reducing taxiway times. However, the number and the position along the runway and the optimum width of taxiway of such taxiway can only be decided after the construction of the volume and type of traffic that might be using any particular airport.

#### AIRPORT BUILDINGS, APRONS

You will recall that last year the chairman of the Technical Committee reported to you on the importance of "low ground rise" on safety efficiency and, again, it was noted that much must be done to adjust the time through proper design of airport buildings and aprons, and that plans had been made for the preparation within ICAO of a comprehensive reference document that would contribute an agreed outline position in respect of operations and facilities required at airports to provide the rapid movement of aircraft and smooth horizontal flow of passengers, cargo, cargo and baggage.

In assessing the many airport building and apron projects that are currently being undertaken and those which have been announced in the past, it has been observed that there has been a considerable lack of uniformity in layout and design.

The reference here is not to superficial detail but to basic requirements affecting operating efficiency. In many cases the airlines concerned have often not been consulted at all in the plans have been restricted too late to make free operational suggestions to be taken into account.

In addition, it has often too frequently happened that plans for such projects have been based upon assumptions that have

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Write for Bulletin EDS-21-C.

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## LETTERS

## Engineering Defense

Many letters last month were published tending to downgrade the engineering profession. I wish to say a few words in the contrary, for, certainly, engineering is vital to our well-being and betterment, and, indeed, our very existence.

There are several factors that should be considered when one decides on a profession: (1) professional growth, (2) professional recognition, (3) financial compensation, and (4) personal satisfaction. The professional index of these factors depends of course on the individual concerned.

The engineering profession offers all four in a better than adequate manner. Opportunities for professional recognition and for professional growth are afforded every engineer in a practically every company. Interesting and demanding projects, professional growth, research and development, and recognition of superior work are all available to the engineer.

## Capilot vs. Engineer

You felt it was owed a letter to a United Flight Officer (p. 112) which was of interest to me, because as he undoubtedly let upon a time was in the cockpit of the big airlines of India, should the flight captain be a pilot or a mechanic? Then he was asked and, in my own words, should who be should handle be a mechanic and mechanic?

This United Flight Officer showed how with only 250 hours of G 1 B1 training and 17 weeks of intensive training with United he received an instrument

being qualified in spirit and 'mind' a Night Engineers Ticket. (The use of the word 'mind' here is more significant). Then, he has no belief, he is completely qualified to operate, troubleshoot and, if necessary, repair any one of the household components of a diesel or an engine of a GH too engine!

As a copilot and those of the flight engineers and as he sat with two degrees of efficiency. Mr. "Whisper Flight Officer" was apparently trying to do both simultaneously as he was learning the duties of a copilot while apparently performing the duties of the flight engineers. The only reason he was able to get away with this is that he was obviously having a type of accident in which the pilots both have access to the engineering console and instruments, and could monitor these items from time to time. Therefore,

## Parachute Meet

It is noted in the previous caption on p. 71 (AW, Sept. 3) that the Soviet Team was the prelate start. That is in error as the Czechoslovak Team was first place and the Soviet got second place. On the fourth event the Soviet Team was

*Arbiters Week* welcomes the opinion of its readers on the issues raised in the magazine's editorial columns. Address letters to the Editor, *Arbiters Week*, 130 W. 42nd St., New York 36, N. Y. Try to keep letters under 500 words and give a genuine identification. We will not print anonymous letters, but names of writers will be withheld on request.

The U.S. Team came sixth in the world but I think they did well considering the amount of experience and training they had compared to some of the other teams. I do not think the Romans should be given credit for something they did not see.

Joe Green

Director, U.S. Franchising Team  
Minneapolis, MN  
Apologies, American Week was more  
heated (—Ed.)

It is obvious that the lowest cost

expressed, infant and most passengers as  
lines of our country, (and already) under  
the advantage of having learned mechanics  
as their flight engineers. Following their  
example, it is logical to separate the duties  
of the pilots and the flight engineers.

J. F. FERRARONE  
Flight Engineer  
Boeing, N. Y.

### Cartridge History

As a person familiar with their use in the emergency response network of USMC aircraft, I enjoyed reading George Chas (user) article on catastrophe-related down- (CND) in the July 18 issue of *Aerospace Week* (in RQ).

Director: I would like to point out that from a historical point of view, I think the Air Force program with Defense Corp. and the pioneering work of a few dedicated people at the Wright Air Development Center and Fairchild Arsenal deserves more than the one sentence mention in the article.

Commencing in the summer of 1941, the WDCC and President Arsenal worked together on the design and development of the first specimen war catapult for the Av Torch. This catapult was ultimately steel gubnet in 1947 and designated the M1 Personnel Catapult. The design and development of the M1 and M2 catapults followed in quiet, unassuming fashion with CADs more incrementally introduced as related work was required.

In 1949, Fuzhou Arsenal developed a propellant gas pressure source which was designated as antitank. Consequently, the Arsenal redesigned the existing GADs to incorporate a pressure-actuated firing mechanism. The propellant gas pressure was transmitted by US-2874 hydraulic

With the advent of the B33 start-up requirements for a multi-line, multi-faceted integrated escape system, it was recognized that the CADDs must physically focus the threat to position elements onto, called battles with critical elements, etc. With the enthusiastic support of the airborne community the MAJ, and President Arnold commended the design and development of the CADD as well as the development of the M1, M2, M3, and M4 in 1991.

Since that time, many new and tried applications for CADDs have been used in the escape system at USAF units. Today a total of 30 CADD types have been developed by the Air Force and are now expected to be rapidly responding to a threatened state.

CHARLES K. HOWELL  
Aircraft Laboratory  
Wright Air Development Center



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# "EYES"

**FOR THE AIR FORCE  
TACTICAL AIR COMMAND**



## Air Force RB-66 powered by Allison J71 Turbo-Jet Engines



**TURBO-JET  
AND TURBO-PROP POWER**



Here you see the Tactical Air Command's newest reconnaissance bomber—the all-weather twin-jet Douglas RB-66.

It carries a payload of nuclear or conventional bombs—which it can wing at 600-700 mph to targets dictated by the nation's needs.

It packs a full complement of camera equipment—which also makes it a valuable reconnaissance tool for air intelligence.

And in pods under its wings it boasts a pair of Allison J71 Turbo-Jet engines—each producing 10,000 pounds' thrust without augmentation—which take it to altitudes over 40,000 feet.

Now winning its wings for reliability and dependability with the 363rd Tactical Reconnaissance Wing at Shaw Air Force Base, S. C., the Allison-powered RB-66 carries a three-man crew as it goes on its peace-maintaining missions.

The Allison-powered Douglas RB-66 is another example of how continuous engine development—both Turbo-Jet and Turbo-Prop—is helping keep America first in the air.

ALLISON DIVISION OF GENERAL MOTORS, Indianapolis, Indiana

AMERICAN BUILT FOR THE JET ERA IN AIR TRAVEL